

This Company's system of submarine telegraph cables is the most direct and quickest means of communication from Egypt to Europe, North and South America, East, South and West Africa, India, Australia, New Zealand, China and Japan.

No. 7,241] ALEXANDRIA, SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1905. [EIGHT PAGES P.T. 1.

To secure quick transmission, telegrams should be marked Via Eastern. For latest average time to London, see daily bulletin in this paper.

Peninsular and Oriental S. N. Company. Summer Rates will be charged from 2 May to 31 October. For the convenience of families and others, a large portion of each ship's accommodation has been reserved for Egypt, so that Berths can be definitely engaged at once, as if the voyage were commencing at Port Said.

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Customers can deposit their valuables, bonds, etc., for safe custody in the Bank's fire-proof strong-rooms, and the Bank will attend to the collection of the coupons and drawn bonds as deposited as they fall due.

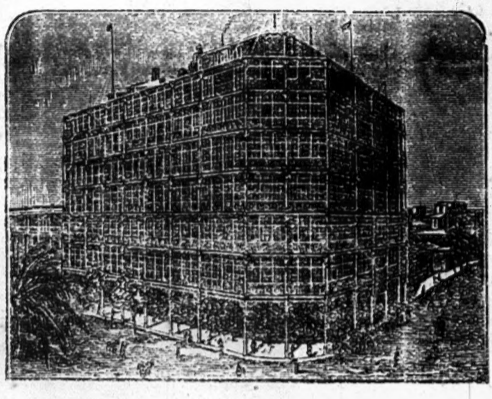
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Where customers will find the genuine MARTELL, which cannot be sold below the minimum prices given below for each quality:—  
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Page 10-11-12-13-14-15-16-17-18-19-20-21-22-23-24-25-26-27-28-29-30-31-32-33-34-35-36-37-38-39-40-41-42-43-44-45-46-47-48-49-50-51-52-53-54-55-56-57-58-59-60-61-62-63-64-65-66-67-68-69-70-71-72-73-74-75-76-77-78-79-80-81-82-83-84-85-86-87-88-89-90-91-92-93-94-95-96-97-98-99-100

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Established over 50 years.  
Cable Address: "Euspoll, London." LONDON, W.C.

# DAILY WEATHER REPORT

OBSERVATIONS BY SURVEY DEPARTMENT.  
ALEXANDRIA.  
Direction of wind ..... N.W.  
Force ..... Light  
State of sea ..... Smooth  
Temp. in the shade ..... 21.5  
" (Min. do. do. .... 21.4  
" (Max. do. do. .... 21.6  
Humidity ..... 84.0  
" (Relative) .....

Remarks.  
Fine, clear, and cloudless, but very damp weather prevailed yesterday. Barometer quite steady.



# Kaiserlich Deutsches Konsulat.

## BEKANNTMACHUNG.

In das Handelsregister des Kaiserlichen Konsulats, Abteilung B, ist am 14. Juli 1905 bei der Firma Deutsches Kohlen-Depot, Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung, folgende eingetragen worden:  
1. Gegenstand des Unternehmens ist die Errichtung und der Betrieb von Kohlen-Depots und Schiffen—Agenturen, sowie der Betrieb und die Vornahme aller zu diesem Zwecke dienlichen Handels- und sonstigen Rechtsgeschäfte.  
2. Das Stammkapital der Gesellschaft ist um 650,000 M., also von 600,000 M auf 1,250,000 M erhöht worden.  
3. In den Versammlungen der Gesellschafter vom 11. Juli und 1. Oktober 1902, 5 März und 22. Dezember 1904 ist eine Abänderung des Gesellschaftsvertrages beschlossen und unter anderem folgendes bestimmt worden:  
Die Dauer der Gesellschaft ist bis zum 31. Dezember 1913 festgesetzt.  
Sind mehrere Geschäftsführer an demselben Orte bestellt, so ist zu einer die Gesellschaft verpflichtenden Zeichnung die Unterschrift zweier derselben erforderlich.  
Sind an demselben Orte ein oder mehrere Prokuristen neben mehreren Geschäftsführern bestellt, so ist zu einer gültigen Zeichnung, die Unterschrift zweier Geschäftsführer oder eines Geschäftsführers und eines Prokuristen erforderlich.  
Sind an demselben Orte neben einen einzelnen Geschäftsführer ein oder mehrere Prokuristen bestellt, so ist zu einer die Gesellschaft verpflichtenden Zeichnung die Unterschrift des Geschäftsführers und eines Prokuristen oder die Unterschrift zweier Prokuristen erforderlich.  
4. Gesamtprokura ist erteilt an Johann Friedrich Ludwig Larsen und Georg Wilhelm Diederich Lüben; dieselben sind gemeinschaftlich zur Zeichnung der Firma berechtigt.  
5. Die öffentlichen Bekanntmachungen erfolgen in der "Hamburgischen Börsenhalle" und in der "Weserzeitung".  
Alexandrien, den 14. Juli 1905.  
Kaiserlich Deutsches Konsulat.  
L.S.: J. No. 2773. 26241-1

# THE EGYPTIAN GAZETTE.

SUBSCRIPTIONS.—Alexandria, Cairo, and the Interior of Egypt (including delivery in Alexandria or postage to subscriber's address) P.T. 231 1/2 per annum, P.T. 116 for six months, P.T. 80 for three months. To other countries in the Postal Union P.T. 273 (£2.16s.) per annum. Six months P.T. 136 1/2 (£1.8s.), three months P.T. 92 (£0.19s.)  
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ADVERTISEMENTS.—P.T. 4 per line. Minimum charge P.T. 20. Births, Marriages, or Deaths, not exceeding three lines, P.T. 20. Every additional line P.T. 10. Notices in news column P.T. 20 per line. Contracts entered into for standing advertisements.  
SUBSCRIPTIONS AND ADVERTISEMENTS are due in advance. P.O. Orders and Cheques to be made payable to the Editor and Manager, Rowland Snelling, Alexandria. London Offices: 36, New Broad-street, E.C.  
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# DEATH.

DEMECH.—On the 13th inst., at Cairo, MARY, wife of Henry Demech, aged 44.  
**The Egyptian Gazette**  
An English Daily Newspaper, Established in 1889.  
Editor & Manager: R. SNELLING.  
Price One Piastre Tariff.  
SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1905.

## CYPRUS AS A PLACE OF ARMS.

"Turkish troops reoccupied the island three weeks later and the Cyprus place-of-arms bubble finally burst"—such was a forecast made a few years back by a writer of no little ability who had set himself to describe the course of the next naval war in which Great Britain might be engaged. Pessimistic enough the forecast was, but it would have been accepted by many students of Near Eastern politics at the time. In those days France was the probable enemy, Russia was a naval Power, and a struggle between Great Britain and the Dual Alliance was anticipated by half our publicists. But the coming of the "entente cordiale" alters the Mediterranean situation most profoundly, and with Great Britain's dominant position in Egypt recognised, Cyprus may become at last a useful asset to the Empire. At the time when Disraeli's diplomacy won the island, it was hoped or feared, as men were Turcophile or Turcophobic, that the break-up of the Ottoman Empire was at hand and that the Power that happened to be in occupation of Cyprus would be in a position to safeguard its own interests in Syria and Asia Minor with the minimum of difficulty. But Cyprus proved less useful a possession than had been expected. It was too far from the theatre of possible hostilities to be likely to serve as a useful naval base. The harbour of Famagusta did indeed promise great things, but only after the expenditure of millions; and the garrison that first occupied the island in 1878 was rapidly reduced. As a "place of arms" Cyprus seemed to have proved useless.  
But time has changed Mediterranean politics, and Great Britain's interest is once more directed to the East. There is no fear of France assailing Malta from her bases at Bizerta or Algiers; Gibraltar fears no hostile occupation of Tangier, but Cyprus may give the chief naval power of the world a useful naval and military base within striking distance of countries whose occupation by certain Powers or whose devastation by civil strife, could not but cause grave menace to her interests. Yet eight battalions of British regulars are at present quartered in Malta, a most unhealthy station, where no troops can manoeuvre or get any useful field training, where Mediterranean fever is endemic, and where the heat and the monotony of life in a small and over-crowded island greatly react on the spirits of the garrison.  
Cyprus, whether as a sanatorium or as a station for, say, a brigade, offers great advantages. In the first place, the coast is not unhealthy in winter and the malarial fever that visits certain towns in summer can be avoided by transferring their garrisons to the cool and healthy range of the Troodos. In the second place, troops stationed in the island will have ample facilities for manoeuvring which are totally lacking in Malta, where the whole island is so thickly inhabited that a squad can hardly leave a road without damaging somebody's vines or vegetables. Finally, the increase of German influence in the Near East, the signs of unrest which have appeared among the Arab subjects of the Ottoman Empire, and the fact that in Beyrout, where British commercial interests are largely represented, religious strife and mob violence may flare up again at any moment, should a weak Governor unhappily replace the present Vali, make it necessary for British statesmen to remember that even a couple of battalions within seven hours of the Syrian Coast may one day be of far greater use than a large force locked up in unthreatened Malta.

# CARLTON HOTEL,

BULKELEY (near Alexandria.)  
**RAMLEH'S FASHIONABLE HOTEL.**  
PATRONISED BY THE ELITE.  
Full Pension P.T. 50 a day. Visitors from Cairo night at Sidi-Gaber station.  
211-40-24-905  
G. AQUILINA, Proprietor.

LONGCHAMPS REVIEW.

BRITISH NAVAL OFFICERS PRESENT.

INTERNATIONAL ENTHUSIASM.

Admiral May and other naval officers were prominent at the great review at Longchamps on the occasion of the 14th of July.

FRANCE AND HER ARMY.

TRIBUTE BY M. LOUBET.

After the Longchamps review, M. Loubet wrote to M. Berteaux, Minister of War, saying that the Republic should be proud of its army.

"SCENE" IN FRENCH CHAMBER.

AMNESTY BILL WRECKED.

CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES.—The Nationalist M. Lasies denounced the inclusion in the amnesty of the "low reptiles" that General André employed to spy upon their comrades.

M. DEROULEDE.

M. Deroulède declines to return to France at present.

TROUBLE IN THE CAUCASUS.

DISCOVERY OF BOMB FACTORY.

An official communiqué ascribes the outbreak in the Caucasus to the revolutionary party at Tiflis, and states that a bomb factory containing 28 bombs and 500 packets of dynamite and nitro-glycerine was discovered there on the 11th inst.

BISLEY MEETING.

Kolapore Cup. Canada 750, New Zealand 740, Transvaal 746, and Guernsey 735.

HOME CRICKET.

Yorkshire beat Kent by 8 wickets.

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL.

Aziz Pasha Izzet, Under Secretary of State for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, has left by the Messageries boat for Europe.

Mr. A.D. Alban, British Consul at Cairo, and Mrs. Alban left the Capital yesterday morning for Alexandria, and embarked for Europe by the Messageries Maritimes S.S. Equateur.

M. Barois, French administrator of the Egyptian State Railways, left for Europe yesterday.

The many friends of Mr. J. Carrall Wilcocks, late of the Office of Works, who was the architect of the new British Consulate at Alexandria, will be glad to see him back again amongst us.

Mrs. Mac Loughlin, wife of Mr. Mac Loughlin, acting manager of the Imperial Ottoman Bank, Cairo, gave birth to a daughter at Castlebar, County Mayo, Ireland, on Thursday last.

Mr. Naville, of the Imperial Ottoman Bank, London, has arrived in Cairo to act as controller of the bank in the Capital in place of Mr. E. Forti, who, as we announced last Monday, has been appointed manager of the Alexandrian branch of the Bank of Salonica.

M. Michaelides, formerly of the Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Cairo, has been appointed sub-manager, pro tem, of the Cairo branch of the Imperial Ottoman Bank.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE BRINDISI MAIL will close at the G.P.O., Alexandria, at 3.15 p.m. on Monday.

THE PLAGUE.—Yesterday's bulletin records a death in hospital at Damanhour and a recovery at Menouf.

SUEZ CANAL.—14 vessels passed through the Canal on the 12th inst., 11 of which were British, 1 Turkish, 1 German, 1 Russian. The day's receipts were frs. 376,400.49, making the total from the 1st inst. frs. 3,512,971.85.

SMALL DANCE.—We are requested to state that tables for dinner at the Hotel Beau-Rivage, Rameleh, on the occasion of the small dance this evening, should be ordered beforehand. Trains will be running all night.

BRAVE RESCUE.—A Greek merchant named Dimitri Panayoti, while bathing near Ibrahimieh, got into difficulties and seemed certain to be drowned, when a soldier of the Army of Occupation, seeing his plight, plunged into the water and rescued him.

STRAY AND OWNERLESS DOGS found in the Ghezireh district of Cairo during the night of Sunday, in the Boulac district during the night of Monday, and in the Darb el Ahmar district during the night of Tuesday, will be poisoned by the police.

A SLIGHT INCIDENT, which occurred at the Eden music-hall last night, led to the report that a woman had been murdered, and that several persons had been wounded. We are authorised to state that these stories are absolutely devoid of foundation.

"BRINGING COALS TO NEWCASTLE."—The Ellerman S.S. City of Oxford, which left Liverpool yesterday for Alexandria, is bringing out 10,000 to 11,000 quarters of maize, which had been transhipped at Liverpool from Nova Scotia.

COAL IMPORTS.—From the 1st January to the 13th July 479,858 tons of coal were imported into Egypt. Wales sent 269,658, Newcastle 97,201, Scotland 66,880, Yorkshire 26,876, and other places 19,243 tons.

A NEW CONSULATE.—The Republic of Mexico is about to establish a consulate in Egypt, and has appointed Mr. Antonio de Beneducci as Consul, with offices at Alexandria. The many friends Mr. Beneducci has in Alexandria will, we feel sure, congratulate him on the signal distinction which has been conferred on him.

ALHAMBRA.—The celebration of the French national fête at the Alhambra last night was a huge success, and was attended by a multitude of people of all nationalities. This evening, the Magnani company will perform Donna Juanita and to-morrow will give their last performances at Alexandria. The Gonnet-Levy French comedy company will open at this theatre on Monday with Madame Mongodin.

GRAMOPHONE CONCERT.—A novelty in the way of concerts will take place on the Windsor Hotel verandah to-morrow evening, when clients of the establishment will be treated free to gramophone selections contributed by such great singers as Mme. Malba, Caruso, Tamagno, De Lucia, Giorgini, etc. The gramophone, which is a huge one of its kind, has been lent for the occasion by Messrs. Walker and Meimarachi.

TO-MORROW'S CHURCH SERVICES.—To-morrow, owing to the repairs to the interior of St. Mark's Church, the only services possible will be held in the small Batcheller memorial chapel. The services are: 8 a.m., Holy Communion; 11 a.m., a second celebration of the Communion, with a short address. There will be no evening service at St. Mark's Church. The services at All Saints', Rameleh, are: 8.30 a.m., Holy Communion; 11 a.m., Matins, Sermon, and Communion; 6.30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon; preacher: the Chaplain.

ELECTRIC TRAMWAYS FOR KHARTOUM.—The Sudan Government are reported to be considering the introduction of an extensive electric tramway system into Khartoum. Neither cables nor overhead wires will be used, the intention being to store the electric power in the cars. The system may be extended to Omdurman. What a change is this from the Khartoum of a few years ago, when the Dervish reigned supreme! How different, too, from Gordon's day! It is also stated that funds are available for the installation of electric light at Khartoum.

ARISTON AERATED WATERS

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THE 14TH OF JULY.

CELEBRATION IN CAIRO.

The festivities held annually by the French colony in celebration of the great events of the 14th of July have once more been a thorough success.

A reception of the chief members of the French colony took place at the French Consulate at 10 a.m. and M. Bousquet received his guests with his usual warmth.

Many of the larger buildings in the principal streets of Cairo were decorated with tricolour flags, and Sharia Kamel in particular presented a very gay appearance. Many of the French establishments were illuminated after sunset, and the Esbekieh Gardens, which were the scene of the principal festivities, were most effectively decorated; and the numerous Chinese lanterns, gas jets, and coloured electric globes, which had been arranged in most artistic designs, gave a most picturesque and fairy-like look to the gardens.

The gates opened at 9 p.m. and large crowds at once streamed in. M. Bousquet was greeted on his arrival by the strains of the "Marseillaise," played by the two military bands and a string band which were in attendance. The French anthem was repeated on the arrival of M. Bonin, who is replacing M. de la Boullé in Cairo, and arrived at 9.30 p.m., followed by Mr. P. W. Machell, who had been deputed to represent H.B.M.'s Agency, and was greeted by the British national anthem.

The principal attractions of the evening were supplied by the bands of the Inniskilling Fusiliers and the Egyptian Cavalry, who played alternately, by the variety entertainment of the full troupe of the Nouveautés music-hall, and by a pyrotechnic display. The fireworks were unfortunately somewhat affected by the damp, and the set-pieces were to a great extent hid by clouds of smoke. The rockets, Poman candles, etc., were far more successful. The fireworks over, many of those present began to dance and continued dancing to their heart's content till after 2 a.m.

We hope to give further details of the festivities in our Monday's issue.

SUDAN LANDS.

The following important proclamation has been issued by the Sudan Government:—

Whereas it is desired to take further measures to prevent the disposal of lands by natives of the Sudan before their rights to the same have been settled, and also to prevent them from being induced to dispose of the same at inadequate prices.

It is hereby proclaimed and ordered as follows:—

1.—No native of the Sudan may sell mortgage charge or otherwise dispose of nor agree to sell mortgage charge or dispose of any land or any right or interest in or over the same unless with the written consent of the Governor of the Province within which such land is situated—provided, however, that such consent shall not be required to a devise by will or lease for a period not exceeding three years.

2.—Every sale mortgage charge or other disposition by a native of the Sudan of any land or any right or interest in or over the same and every agreement for the sale mortgage charge or other disposition of the same (except a devise by will or lease for a period not exceeding three years) to which the consent in writing of the Governor has not been expressed, shall be null and void.

3.—Money paid after the publication of this Proclamation to any native of the Sudan in consideration of any sale mortgage charge or other disposition as aforesaid or of any agreement for the same (except a lease for a period not exceeding three years) to which the consent in writing of the Governor has not been expressed, shall not be recoverable nor payable for.

CORPORATION OF WESTERN EGYPT.

A joint meeting of the London and Egyptian boards of the Corporation of Western Egypt, Limited, has been held recently in London. The following appointments were made:—Mr. W. T. C. Beckett, M. Inst. C. E., to be general manager of the Corporation in Egypt. Mr. Beckett has resigned his position as chief engineer of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway, in order to take up his appointment. He acted as agent and general manager of that railway during the two years Mr. T. R. Wynne, C.I.E., was in China, and showed himself to be a gentleman of the highest administrative capacity. He is a great organiser, and further enjoys the reputation of being a sound and clever engineer. He proceeds to Cairo at the earliest possible date.

Mr. H. J. L. Beadnell, F. G. S., F. R. G. S., of the Geological Survey, Egyptian Government, to be manager in the Oases and geological expert. Mr. Beadnell, who has been hitherto chief Government representative in the Oases, leaves the service of the Egyptian Government to enter that of the Corporation. His nine years' intimate experience of the extensive areas covered by the Corporation's concessions, and his linguistic abilities and intimate acquaintance with the local omehs and notables, apart from his geological knowledge of the Oases, will be of inestimable value to the Corporation. Mr. Beadnell is well known as the author of numerous reports and works on the geology of the Oases and district of Egypt.

A. S. C.

A Gymkhana will be held at the A. S. C. grounds on Saturday, the 29th inst. We are requested to state that the racing at this afternoon's Sky Meeting will commence at 4 o'clock.

SAN STEFANO CASINO.

The following is the programme of the instrumental concert to be given at the Casino to-morrow at 10.30 a.m.:—

- 1. Mazurka—Sul—Overture d'introduction alla Tragedia di Aida.
2. Massenet—Trois Suite—Pastorale et Fugue Marche et Sérénade.
3. Bonhomme—Symphonie op. 67—Allergo con brío—Andante con moto—Scherzo Allegro—Alle pro Finale.

MACLEAN-ROYLE WEDDING.

LIST OF PRESENTS

The following is a list of some of the presents received by Captain and Mrs. Maclean on the occasion of their marriage:—

Bride to bridegroom, turquoise pin, sleeve links; bridegroom to bride, motor car, turquoise and diamond rings, diamond and turquoise tiara; Mr. and Mrs. G. Royle, diamond and turquoise pendant, fionce of 16th century lace; Mr. F. D. Lambert, diamond and ruby pendant, pearl necklace; Mr. R. J. Lambert, diamond and pearl bracelet; Mr. A. H. Royle, ruby and diamond ring; Capt. and Mrs. Wyatt, diamond and sapphire bracelet; Mr. W. S. Partridge, diamond and ruby ring; Mrs. Perceval, diamond ring; Mrs. A. Perkins, diamond ring; Mr. and Mrs. Ransford, diamond and pearl pendant; the Staff at Port Said, diamond and turquoise brooch; Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Tweedie, turquoise and diamond brooch; Mr. and Mrs. Pasorulla, diamond and turquoise ring; Mr. and Mrs. Park Lyle, pale blue enamel butterfly brooch; Mr. and Mrs. Carton de Wiart, turquoise and enamel pendant; Mrs. Laing, old paste buckle; Mr. and Mrs. Bell, watch; Sir Hugh and Lady Smiley, gold buckle with pearls, rubies and turquoise; Sir Ernest Cassel, large gold purse bag; Capt. and Mrs. Philip Walter, turmaline and pearl necklace; Miss Dales diamond swallow brooch and gold nugget brooch; Earl of Cromer, antique silver cup; Lord and Lady Armstrong, embroidered cushion covers; Lord and Lady F. Brudenell-Bruce, silver mounted card-case; Mrs. Berners, carriage clock; Mr. and Mrs. Briscoe, silver tea caddy; Mr. and Mrs. Maxwell, silver mounted smelling bottle; Mr. and Mrs. Broatch, carriage basket; Mrs. Henry Bayley, silver fruit dish and stand; Gen. and Mrs. Bullock, pair of cut glass and silver jugs; Sir Charles and Lady Capper, silver mounted ice pendant; Mr. and Miss Clouston, gold and enamel pendant; Mrs. and Miss Cochran, pair of silver sauce boats; Mrs. Colquhoun, mother-of-pearl opera glasses; Mr. G. C. Chapman, silver dessert knives and forks; Mr. and Mr. Cotterill, silver dragon cigar lighter; Mrs. Murray Cookesley, picture "Circe Rasplendens," silver vases, silver jug; Mrs. and Miss Chitty, pale blue cushions; Judge and Mrs. Dilberoglu, china tea service; Mr. and Mrs. Scott-Dalglish, silk cushion; Hon. Arthur and Mrs. Davey, card case with watch; Mr. and Mrs. George Fraser, ivory and silver paper knife; Mrs. Fabricius Pasha, silver pot-pourri box; Sir Gerald FitzGerald, Irish lace fan; Sir Eldon and Lady Gorat, silver fruit basket; Sir William Garstin, clock; Mr. and Mrs. Drummond Hay, silver rose bowl; Misses Hurley, gilt box with miniature; Col. and Mrs. George Harvey, Worcester china breakfast dishes, sherraton tray; Mr. and Mrs. Haydn, case of silver tea-spoons; Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Hogg, breakfast dish heater; Maj. Kenny-Herbert, Indian ash tray; Maj. Hawker, silver-mounted mirror, silver-mounted jug; Col. A. Harrington, goldenamelled links; Johnson Pasha and Mrs. Johnson, silver and copper inlaid vase; Miss Johnson, silver vases; Mr. and Mrs. Kingsford, brass flower bowl; Capt. and Mrs. Barnes Lawrence, silver bowl; Capt. Lemprière, 4 silver menu-holders; Miss M. F. Luttrell, silver salver; Dr. and Mrs. H. Milton, large silver-mounted mirror; Dr. and Mrs. F. Milton, silver-handled tea knives and forks; Mr. and Mrs. Mandalay, old china decenter labels; Mr. and Mrs. R. Moes, antique silver spoon; Mr. F. Grinnell Morgan, antique sherraton caddy; Mr. Percy Macbell, cheque; Sir Fitzroy and Lady Maclean, silver salver; Mr. and Mrs. Somerset Maclean, silver-mounted champagne jug; Col. Allan Maclean, cheque; Hon. Patrick and Mrs. Greville-Nugent, hand-painted china tea service; Col. Nason, ivory and silver paper-cutter; Mr. and Mrs. Greville Palmer, sherraton tray; Mr. and Mrs. Dudgeon, Longfellow's poems; Sir Elwin and Lady Palmer, silver-gilt fruit (?) Sir John and Lady Denison Pender, 4 silver sweet dishes; Sir George and Lady Faudal Phillips, silver sugar castors; Sir Cuthbert and Lady Quilter, engraving; Mr. and Mrs. W. Royle, silver entrée dishes; Mr. and Mrs. A. Royle, silver drawing room clock; Sir John and Lady Rogers, drawing-room clock; Major E. Rhodes, silver cigar lighter; Mrs. Reid, silver horn; Mr. and Mrs. Snow, set of Dickens's works; Miss Learmouth, silver photo-frame; Sir Thomas and Lady Sutherland, silver dessert knives; Canon and Mrs. Strange, silver toast rack; the Misses Strange, silver asparagus server; Maj.-General and Mrs. Slade, oxidised silver mirror; Judge and Mrs. Satow, large silver vase; Marquis and Marchioness of Sligo, silver seal; Sir R. von Slatin Pasha, silver-gilt fruit dish; Mrs. Shakoor, inkstand; Judge Sanders, silver-mounted magnifying glass; Mr. and Mrs. Thubron, silver-mounted flower vase; Mr. and Mrs. John Varley, hand-painted fan; Sir R. and Lady Wingate, silver sauce boats; Mr. Bridges Williams, silver tea set; Col. and Mrs. Kiary Watson, Sheffield plate box; Sir W. and Lady Willocks, silver vase; Mr. Hugh Carter Wilson, silver inkstand; Capt. R. Wilson, silver cigar box; Col. and Mrs. Bernard, silver carriage clock; Crookshank Pasha and Mrs. Crookshank, silver scent bottle; Mr. and Mrs. Wilfred Carey, silver box; Mrs. Cassel, silver bowl; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cook, lace table centres; Mr. and Mrs. Cohen, silver embroidered shawl; Mr. Farrugia, Maltese lace handkerchiefs; Mr. Kirtod, Maltese lace fichu; Mr. and Mrs. Favarger, enamel and pearl parasol handle; the Egyptian Army officers, and numerous others.

THE SPECIALISING OF ROLLING STOCK IN EGYPT.

The growing tendency in Egypt is to order specially designed rolling-stock to suit the requirements of the goods to be carried, and to discard the heterogeneous and out-of-date collection of wagons which had found their way into the country from all sorts of sources. British makers have cause to be thankful for this, as the bulk of the orders are now being placed in their hands. This policy is not merely confined to the Government lines, but private companies are following suit.

A case in point, and one which serves to show also how great and growing an industry is scientific farming in the land of the Pharaohs, is afforded by the eight special bogie wagons ordered from the Leeds Forge Co. by the Société des Sucreries et de la Raffinerie d'Egypte for one of their private lines. These wagons have been designed wholly and solely for the purpose of transporting steam ploughing engines and their tackle from one district to another to enable them to enlarge their field of operations.

Each wagon is provided at one end with a ramp, hinged to the headstock of the underframe, which can be lowered on to the rails, and a hand-winch at the other end, to enable the ploughing-engine to be hauled on to the wagon or removed therefrom. When the wagons are running the ramp is lifted to a vertical position, and there secured by stays. The buffers on the ramp end of the underframe are hinged at the bottom, so that by taking a cotter out of the top they will drop out of the way of the ramp. Struts are also placed under this end of the wagon, which require to be adjusted slightly above the rail level to take a portion of the weight while the engine is over the same, thus preventing the underframe being strained through the whole of the load being carried by one bogie. It is not necessary, however, to use these struts when the plough or cultivator is being placed on the wagon, as these machines are, of course, considerably lighter than the engine. The struts can be placed out of the way on a hook under the headstock when the wagon is running. The ramp is raised and lowered by passing the rope from the winch through a snatch-block, which is attached to the underframe and then over struts on the ramp. The struts can be lowered to the level of the floor out of the way when the engine is being hauled up the ramp.

When power is required for lifting the engine, the same snatch-block is used. The rope is attached to the engine, passed through the block and back to a hook under the winch. The winch is designed to give a pull of three tons from the barrel when working in double purchase—i.e., a total pull of six tons is available when using the snatch-block on the engine for hauling the latter on to the wagon. The weight of the ploughing engine is twenty-two tons.

NOTES FROM PORT SAID.

THE SUNKEN DREDGER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Port Said, Friday. Yesterday, the sunken dredger Pharaon II. was, by the aid of the Canal Company's shear legs, turned over on to the cradle which had been prepared for its reception and sunk to the bottom of the harbour. I learn from one of the engineers who are at work on her salvage, that the original idea has been dropped and that she will be raised by means of iron lighters, which have been bolted together on pairs and will be sunk, attached to the cradle, and then pumped out. Their lifting power is theoretically 1,200 tons.

THE 14TH OF JULY.

In commemoration of the French national fête there has been arranged for this evening an illuminated Venetian procession, to consist of upwards of 200 boats of all sizes. There will also be an orchestral concert, which is to be followed by a fireworks display. The town is one mass of flags and Chinese lanterns, and as in former years, crowds of people fill the main streets and cafés.

RAILWAY IMPROVEMENTS.

Reliable information regarding railway improvements here, in view of the great alterations which the Matarieh Canal and port changes will bring about, is most difficult to obtain, but levelling and road-making operations are to be seen both on Dowrie point and behind the railway station. The end of this point is to be cut away to make the harbour wider, and on the remaining land warehouses are to be constructed. The back of the railway station land abuts on that portion of the lake at which the town terminus of the Matarieh Canal will be cut; this is all being levelled and marked out in lots ready for occupation in the near future.

NEW MOSQUE OPENED.

The inauguration of the new mosque took place at noon to-day precisely. The Mosque Abbas has been over two years in construction and was very beautifully decorated for the occasion. The ceremony was conducted by Sheikh Abdul Gamel, in the presence of H. E. the Governor of Port Said and of Abdul Hakimi Pasha, who had come from Cairo expressly. This latter gentleman left for Cairo by the afternoon train attended by numerous members of the Mohamedan community of Port Said.

NATIVE PRESS COMMENTS.

THE DEATH OF THE GRAND MUFTI.

(“AL LEWA.”)

Chief administrator of the Moslem Benevolent Society, member of the Legislative Council and of the Supreme Council of the Wakfs, Sheikh Mohamed Abdou was without doubt the most learned man in the Moslem world. Though many of the newspapers of Egypt disagreed with his views, yet all lament his loss, which affects not Egypt only but the whole of Islam. Before he breathed his last the Sheikh uttered the following verses: "I care not what has been said of Mohamed Abdou by those who gather together and exult over his death. "But our Faith I have endeavoured to reform. "Fearing its ruin by those who wear turbans. "Every living being has hopes that he longs to accomplish. "If I die all my hopes will come to naught. "O God, if Thou wilt, heal me or take me to the other world. "Bless the world of Islam and grant it good guidance, an enlightened guide, the path of righteousness in the darkness of night."

Our relations with the Grand Mufti, Sheikh Mohamed Abdou, were intimate and friendly before the rising led by Arabi Pasha, and our friendship was renewed during the residence of the exiled Sheikh in Syria. Our friendship was no mere matter of intimacy, but was based upon the harmony of our principles on all matters connected with the welfare of Egypt. We both realised the inconvenience arising from the attitude of those who opposed progress with no arguments but those of ignorance. Egypt has sustained a loss which will be hard to remedy, a loss whose results God only can know. The most enlightened and advanced man in Egypt, his teaching was a light to the minds of the students and Ulama and to all who longed for something beyond the old theories, which did not satisfy the needs of the modern social system. Again, the deceased was most anxious to see the results of his work, and was a really great reformer and seeker after Egypt's welfare. As a teacher and expounder of religious theory to the students of Al Azhar, as an enlightened author, as manager of ancient schools and administrator of numerous benevolent societies, he was known to all. His reforming influence was made manifest in the Legislative Council, while he was ever ready to defend his faith against insult. He was constantly employed on charitable committees formed to assist the victims of fire or other misfortunes. He always endeavoured to prevent any cause of hostility between Egyptians and foreigners, and before the era of legality he did not fear the despotism of the Government, but his defence of liberty of action and thought brought him trouble throughout his life.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR. We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents, but we wish, in a spirit of fair play to all, to permit—within certain necessary limits—free discussion.

THE LATE GRAND MUFTI.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE EGYPTIAN GAZETTE.

Dear Editor,—The death of the Grand Mufti, Sheikh Mohamed Abdou, is a great loss not only to Egypt but to every Mohamedan country. It was the privilege of the writer to spend some days with him before he went to Alexandria, and to love him as a son loves his father. In this age of the world civilisation, although still very faulty, teaches us religious toleration. The Moslems need to learn this lesson as well as the Christians. It is very difficult, but we know the grand old Sheikh had learned it well and was not afraid to teach it against most fanatic opposition. It is a most worthy object, especially for us young men, to ever keep alive the memory of this gentle, loving, wise man, who was forced to lay down his work before he wished—and who was so active in his love for God and Egypt to the very last. Let us study his life and be influenced by it.

A FRIEND OF EGYPT.

Cairo, July 12.

THE RAMLEH RAILWAY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE EGYPTIAN GAZETTE.

Sir,—Might I trespass upon your valuable space to draw attention to a most serious matter affecting the public, or at least that portion of it who live at Rameleh.—I refer to the running of the tramcars on the Alexandria and Rameleh railroad. Surely some system may be devised to prevent the overcrowding of the San Stefano cars. Could it not be arranged that they stop only at the small stations, i.e., Carlton, Sporting Club, etc., and pass the larger stations; as it seems to me the latter are very efficiently attended to by the Palais cars. It is no uncommon sight to see the San Stefano cars absolutely filled, and people hanging to the outside, while a Palais car comes along with plenty of room. Doubtless this is well known to the officials of the line, but for some insurmountable reason it is allowed to go on. After all, it is only in keeping with the terminus at Alexandria, where passengers have to stand in the sun and dust in the dustiest corner of the city, while waiting for a car; and this has to be borne from a company that, I am informed, pays a dividend of 20%.—I am, etc.,

NANI.

**EGYPTIAN LAND AND GENERAL TRUST.**

**SUCCESSFUL ESTABLISHMENT OF THE COMPANY.**

The statutory meeting of the Egyptian Land and General Trust Company, Limited, was held in London on the 6th inst. at Winchester House, Old Broad Street, Sir William F. Haynes Smith, K.C.M.G., LL.D. (chairman of the company), presiding.

The Secretary having read the notice convening the meeting.

The Chairman said: Gentlemen, as you are aware, this is the formal statutory meeting of our company, at which I have to inform you that the requirements of the Companies Act have been complied with, and that we are now in a position to deal with the business brought before us. The company was incorporated on March 27th, 1905, and the necessary certificate to commence business was obtained on April 11th, 1905. The capital offered for subscription was £200,000, in £1 shares. These were very largely over applied for. To give the exact figures, applications were received for 941,438 shares, of which 584,160 came from Egypt, and the remaining 357,278 were received in London. The company was formed without the assistance of any promoter, and the expenses, which were clearly stated in the prospectus, were paid by the company. With the exception of these expenses, which were exceptionally small, the company started business with its capital intact. Egypt and its affairs are now so well known that I need not allude to the opportunities for remunerative business on a sound basis which can be there obtained. All those interested in the country have learned to wait for, as one of the events of the year, the publication of the annual report of Lord Cromer, showing in detail the continuous records of that marvellous development of the country on all sides, year by year, under the direction of one master mind, which has attracted universal attention. Still, it may be of use to draw attention to a few of the more salient facts—such as the increase of revenue, which last year amounted to L.E. 13,906,152, and was L.E. 2,406,000 in excess of the estimates. Again, the increase of its trade calls for attention, for the imports last year were valued at L.E. 19,889,000, or L.E. 3,742,000 more than in 1903, while the exports were valued at L.E. 20,316,000, or L.E. 1,200,000 more than in 1903. This is exclusive of the tobacco trade, which alone is of large dimensions. Every year a stream of gold flows into Egypt, supplied by the increasing numbers of people who visit it for amusement or health or business. Large additional areas are brought under irrigation, and the productive land yields its continuous crops to the patient and laborious cultivator, who is thrifty and lives on little, while he is careful of his money. Wealth is thus accumulated, and there appears to be a strong tendency to invest these savings in land, thereby creating a steady market. As illustrating the disposition of many of the Egyptian investors, it is striking to notice the rising prices quoted for leading stocks in Egypt. The investor there does not appear to look so much to present dividends as to the property and reserve funds acquired by the different corporations. Land and its development is naturally one of the investments which first attracts attention, and although various companies have been recently formed with the object similar to our own, yet there seems no reason to doubt that there is an ample field open for the profitable use of our capital if judiciously invested. The company, in dealing with Egyptian affairs, has the advantage of the services of three directors in Egypt, who have your confidence. These directors are His Excellency Crookshank Pasha, the British representative of the Daira Administration; Mr. Lonsdorfer, the well-known merchant; and our Agent-General, Mr. Hooker, who is well known in respect of his public services in Egypt, and greatly respected. As our distinguished director Crookshank Pasha is so intimately connected with the Daira Administration, perhaps you will forgive me for shortly drawing your attention to some of the published results. The whole of the debt is to be liquidated in October next. The rent-roll has been increased to no less than L.E. 1,094,815, or an average of L.E. 6.52 per acre. With respect to the value of the land, Crookshank Pasha writes as follows:—"With the conversion of the basin irrigation in Middle Egypt into perennial irrigation, and a constant supply of good water assured by the Assouan dam and Assiout barrage, I am confident that we have not yet reached the highest prices that the land is worth." This is a view which is shared by many other high authorities. To the same effect is a record of the sales of the Domains' lands last year, when 2,958 acres were sold by auction. They were estimated at £26 6s per acre, and realised £64 17s per acre. Dealing with agricultural lands, there appears to be a great opening for our company in acquiring land which requires reclamation. In any such case, our company would honestly mean to reclaim land thoroughly within a fixed period, and when this was completely effected, sell it in suitable portions, to the small proprietor. I had some years ago to endeavour to assist a somewhat similar class in analogous conditions, and, speaking generally, I can only say that they rendered an exact fulfilment of their obligations, that there were no bad debts, while the investment was remunerative. An important point in connection with these questions is that under the Land Department of the Government it is easy to obtain a registered title, while the fee on transfer has been reduced from 5 per cent. to 2 per cent. Dealing with the questions immediately before the directors, they have in hand important business for the acquisition of lands in Cairo. Our agent-general, Mr. Hooker, considered it of such moment that he came specially to England to

confer with the board, and your directors, after going into the matter most carefully with him, as a result of their investigations authorised him to at once return to Egypt to carry out the transactions. You will readily understand that it is inexpedient at present to go more closely into details of pending business, but the directors consider that the arrangements when completed will be entirely satisfactory to the shareholders. Besides dealing with land in Cairo, the board have now under consideration the question of acquiring and developing lands in Alexandria for building purposes. In this and all other similar cases the object of the board is only to enter on transactions if the prices are such as to offer a good opening for remuneratively employing a portion of its capital. Your directors have other important business under consideration which is not ripe to put before you to-day. I regret that the company are unable to participate in the issue of a company for the development of one of the large mining concessions on the lines intended, but there are various other enterprises connected with the development of land in Egypt which are now being worked out, and the question as to how far these can be advantageously supported by the company will come before the board. It is, not merely that the large centres like Cairo and Alexandria are greatly extending, but improvement is manifested in all parts of the country. I can testify to the striking object-lesson of the effects of the administration in Egypt, which is having a marvellous effect in various parts of Asia Minor and the Levant, and people are leaving these latter countries and abandoning property for which they have paid large sums in order to open business and carry on their transactions in Egypt. In one of the important towns on the Syrian coast—in Beyrout—this emigration of those engaged in the largest business has produced a marked effect. It has been represented to us that many of the Egyptian investors desire to pay for their shares in full and obtain bearer warrants, and to meet this demand the directors are having them prepared, and they will shortly be issued to those who desire them. In laying before you so far as I can properly do so the action of the board during the very short period since the company has been formed, it is, of course, necessary to be reticent as to pending business, but I think the shareholders may be assured that the prospects open for the employment of the capital of the company are likely to be fully satisfactory to them, and the company has every prospect of entering upon sound business which must develop and increase, and which, with the continued prosperity of Egypt and its growing volume of trade, must yield good results. In the meantime the capital of the company, while employed on investments realisable at short notice, remains available for the enterprises in prospect, and the shareholders have the satisfaction of knowing that the company has been inaugurated and formed and brought to its present position at the least possible cost. As His Excellency Crookshank Pasha is here, I am sure you will like to hear a few words from him. (Hear, hear.)

His Excellency Crookshank Pasha said that, as the only member of the Egyptian board present in England, he felt it his imperative duty to attend the meeting and emphasise what the chairman had said with regard to Egypt and investments there. He was particularly interested in Egypt, and had a great belief in its future. Things marched slowly in the East, but although they had only been in existence a quarter of a year they had already achieved a very considerable success. He was very glad to hear from the chairman that the business they had taken in hand with regard to the purchase of building land in the heart of Cairo was well on way. The difficulty there was that before finally closing the business they have to be quite sure that the title deeds were absolutely correct. When that was done everything would be straight sailing. With regard to Alexandria, that was a large and prosperous city, and was every day extending all round. They fully expected to establish a very remunerative business, but things did not progress quickly in Egypt. Contrary to the general rule, however, the price of land had gone up in a few years in the most extraordinary way. It was only within the last few years that people had begun to realise what could be made out of land, and this applied to building land as well as to agricultural land. Land which not many years ago could be got at £20 to £30 per acre could not be purchased now under £70 or £90. Again, land which not many years ago was offered them at something under £1 or 15s. a metre could not be purchased now under £10 a metre. The result was that a large number of companies had been started, but they could congratulate themselves on being first in the field, and he had great faith in the future of the company.

A vote of thanks to the chairman terminated the proceedings.

**MANCHESTER SHIP CANAL.**

**NEW DOCK OPENED BY THE KING.**

King Edward VII. left Lord Derby's residence at Knowsley on Thursday, accompanied by the Queen, and travelled from there to Manchester, where he opened the new dock which has been added to the Manchester Ship Canal at a cost of £500,000. This new dock, the entrance to which is on the Old Trafford opposite the grain elevator, has been named the King's Dock. Its length is 2,700 feet, its breadth 250 feet, its depth 28 feet, and it has a water area of 15 acres, so that it is one of the largest docks in the United Kingdom and will accommodate any of our largest vessels. It has been constructed in a series of masonry pier-arches so that when a large vessel enters the "wash" will not be felt by other vessels moored to the quay, as would have been the case were it built of solid masonry. Its steam and electric cranes, subway haulage, quay tracks, sidings, and sheds will enable an unlimited amount of cargo to be dealt with.

**ON THE HEDJAZ RAILWAY.**

BY P. P. G.

IX.

When my conversation with the Toherkess had died through the exhaustion of our vocabularies, M. Nicola reappeared and insisted that I should dine with him at the restaurant. There we repaired and in due time got our allowance of vermicelli soup and poached eggs with mastic and glasses of a strong wine. Some Turks and Italians sat there and cracked jokes with the owner of the tent, a grossly fat personage who now and again sang snatches of songs and then clapped his hands and broke into the howl of the Arab *claqueur*. When we left the tent it was bitterly cold (40° Fahrenheit) and I felt myself turning blue, and wondered no more at the sweaters with which the Turks clothed themselves. I was told that water froze on the desert—which is a good 3,000 feet above sea level—till May on cold nights, and that the wind and cold made the winter very trying. Once in bed I got warm enough in no time, the bloodthirsty Circassian giving me a hide of some sort to add to my covers. It had a bad smell but I was too tired to mind, and I slept the sleep of the just till 4 a.m., when I got up and made ready for the morning train. I left at 5 a.m., after quite an agitated scene with M. Nicola, who would not accept a piastre from me and was insulted by the offer, asserting that all Christians in the East should help one another—a most excellent rule, which I followed by leaving a small bottle 2/3rds full of brandy under his desk when he was not looking. I slept in the train till we got to Jurf el Derwish, when some severer jolts than usual aroused me. Some very black Bedouins got in here and promptly took off most of their clothes and slept in their cloaks on the floor.

The end of the carriage was screened off for a harem with red curtains. Two Turkish ladies, wives of officers at Ma'ân, were behind the curtain attended by a coloured maid and a little boy. No one treated them with any thing but the strictest politeness, and one Arab, who I think must have been the soldier servant of one of the officers, put gullebs of water in through the curtain from time to time, and when we reached the grassland, gathered flowers by the track and handed in rough nosegays. He also acted as nursery governess to a small boy who ran in and out of the "harem" end of the carriage and chattered fearlessly to the Bedouins, who were hugely pleased, and asked him if he would care to come and live with them in the desert.

One incident which amused me greatly happened about 40 minutes north of Jurf el Derwish. We were descending an incline with three sharp curves where the brake was usually put hard down. But the brakeman had curled himself under a seat and we had taken the incline at the alarming speed of 15 miles an hour. The guard suddenly realised the situation. He screeched at the greaser and prodded him with a bayonet, he dragged him from under the seat, and flung him on to the brake at the end of the carriage amidst a variety of curses. We took the next two curves much more quietly.

At Katranéh the Circassians got into the train. They were perhaps a dozen of the finest-looking men I have ever seen, tall, clean-limbed, and as a rule curiously fair. They looked far more like Germans or Swedes than Orientals, and the imagined contrast between these men and the childish and noisy fellahen of the type one meets too often in Egypt was painful. These men were the very antipodes of the Egyptian in their quiet manner, their air of alert repose, and above all in the way they eyed the people who were to travel with them. There was none of the rustic coarseness of the fellah, nothing of the somewhat artificial manner of the Gallicised Bey or Effendi of Egypt. These people were simply well-bred cowboys with just a touch of truculence in their walk and the look of their eyes. One of the Bedouins woke up while the Sharaks were getting into their places, and said something to his friend which was obviously insulting to the newcomers. A Circassian heard and turned round; turned away, and turned again on the Bedouin smiling unpleasantly with half a snarl on his lips. As he smiled he played with his revolver. The Bedouin glared angrily at him for a moment or two and then his gaze dropped before those merciless blue eyes and he looked first at the floor and then at nothing. The Circassian turned and talked quietly with his fellow troopers, now and again looking back, but the Bedouin did not watch him anymore but lay back on his seat and looked at the steppe.

(To be concluded)

**NOTICE.**

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of the late Kaimakam Fell Bey, Inspector, Bah-el Ghazal Province (Royal Navy), that such claims must be forwarded endorsed as such to the Assistant Adjutant General, War Office, Cairo, to arrive on or before the 7th August, 1905, after which date they will not be taken into consideration. 26221-6-6

BRITISH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—We would call the attention of persons interested in Egyptian trade to the work of the British Chamber of Commerce of Egypt, whose office in Alexandria gives information as to standing trade, &c., to its members, and whose monthly publication reviews our commerce. The annual subscription is £1 and all British traders should become members. Our London office, 36, New Broad-street E.C., acts as London agency to the Chamber.

**AGRICULTURAL BANK OF EGYPT.**

**New Issue of Shares for Increase of Capital.**

IN PURSUANCE of an Extraordinary General Meeting held on the 18th May 1905, the Board of Directors of the Agricultural Bank of Egypt offer 243,000 new shares of the said Bank of Five pounds sterling each. These shares will constitute an increase of the Capital of the Bank, and are issued in conformity with the Statutes at the price of Five Pounds sterling per share, payable on application.

Application should be made:— in EGYPT to the Head Office of the National Bank of Egypt at Cairo and to the Branch at Alexandria.

in LONDON to the London Agency of the National Bank of Egypt, 4 & 5, King William Street, E.C.

The new shares will rank for dividend from the 1st January 1906, that is to say from the beginning of next year.

Every shareholder has the right on application to an allotment of one new share in respect of every old share held.

All shareholders who wish to exercise their rights must, under pain of forfeiture of those rights, lodge their applications at one of the places named above on or before the 2nd October 1905 depositing their Share Warrants together with the total amount payable, viz: £5 per share.

The President of the Board of Directors, (signed) ELWIN PALMER, Cairo, the 8th July 1905. 26218-6

**NATIONAL BANK OF EGYPT.**

**CERTIFICATS PROVISOIRES D' ACTIONS**

Il est porté à la connaissance des actionnaires de la NATIONAL BANK OF EGYPT, souscripteurs des 50000 actions nouvelles, que les CERTIFICATS NOMINATIFS sont prêts.

Ces certificats sont déposés aux Bureaux de la National Bank of Egypt au Caire et à Alexandrie où leurs titulaires peuvent en prendre possession contre remise des lettres de répartition à partir de ce jour.

ELWIN PALMER, Gouverneur, Le Caire, le 12 juillet 1905. 26236-3-2

**Credit Foncier Egyptien**

L'Assemblée Générale Extraordinaire des Actionnaires tenue au Siège Social au Caire le 8 Juillet 1905, approuvant l'acquisition des créances de la Société Egyptienne de la Daira Sanieh, a autorisé le Conseil d'Administration à procéder au doublement du Capital Social par la création de Deux cent mille Actions nouvelles de Francs 500 chacune, libérées de 125 francs comme les anciennes, non écotées de 20000 à 400000.

L'article 4 des Statuts relatif au Capital Social a été modifié en conséquence.

L'Assemblée, pour rendre plus courts les délais de convocation des Assemblées Générales et de dépôt d'Actions, a modifié également les articles 28, 30, 31 et 34 des Statuts. 26240-1

**Municipalité d'Alexandrie**

AVIS

La Municipalité met en adjudication le Dallage de la rue Canal Mahmoudieh.

Le cautionnement est fixé à L.E. 37.

Le cahier des charges est déposé au Bureau de la Voirie où il peut être consulté par les intéressés tous les jours de 9 h. à midi, les jours fériés exceptés.

Les offres devront être adressées sous pli cacheté à Monsieur l'Administrateur de la Municipalité avant le 25 Juillet courant.

Elles pourront également être déposées en séance de la Délégation le même jour à 5h.p.m. L'enveloppe devra porter en outre la mention: "Soumission pour Dallage rue Canal Mahmoudieh."

Le cautionnement ou le reçu d'une banque, d'après les conditions du cahier des charges, devra être remis séparément au Service de la Comptabilité Générale avant l'ouverture des offres et au plus tard le 25 Juillet courant à midi.

Toute offre qui ne remplit pas les conditions ci-dessus sera écartée.

Le Vice-Président, (signé) AMBROISE RALLI, Alexandrie, le 13 juillet 1905. 26237-3-2

**Société Internationale des Employés D'ALEXANDRIE**

SIÈGE SOCIAL: RUE MOSQUÉE ATTARINE No. 21

**BUREAU DE PLACEMENT**

DEMANDES

Un bon-comptable en partie-double cherche à tenir la comptabilité d'une Agence de Bourse ou d'une Maison de Commerce dans ses heures libres; il connaît le français et l'italien et parle l'arabe.

Un bon comptable, français, très sérieux, ayant déjà un emploi, désire entrer dans un bureau d'agent de change, de commissionnaire ou de banque: Peut offrir une caution ou garantie.

OFFRES

2 Places de commis aux écritures sont offertes dans une maison de Nouveautés (très importante) de la ville.

Un imprimeur de la ville demande un jeune homme sérieux, capable, connaissant très bien le français, et ayant, si possible, quelques connaissances dans l'imprimerie.

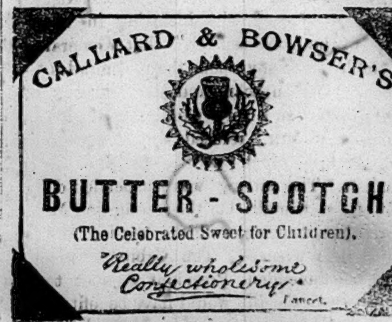
N.B.— Pour tous renseignements s'adresser soit directement, soit par lettre au Siège Social de la Société, Rue Mosquée Attarine No. 21.

Le Secrétariat est ouvert les Lundi, Mercredi et Vendredi de 7 h. 1/2 à 8 h. 1/2 du soir.

Les insertions ci-dessus sont faites gratuitement par les soins de la Société et seuls, les sociétaires peuvent en bénéficier.

Les personnes qui font des offres ou des demandes sont priées de joindre un timbre à leur lettre, sinon il ne leur sera fait aucune réponse.

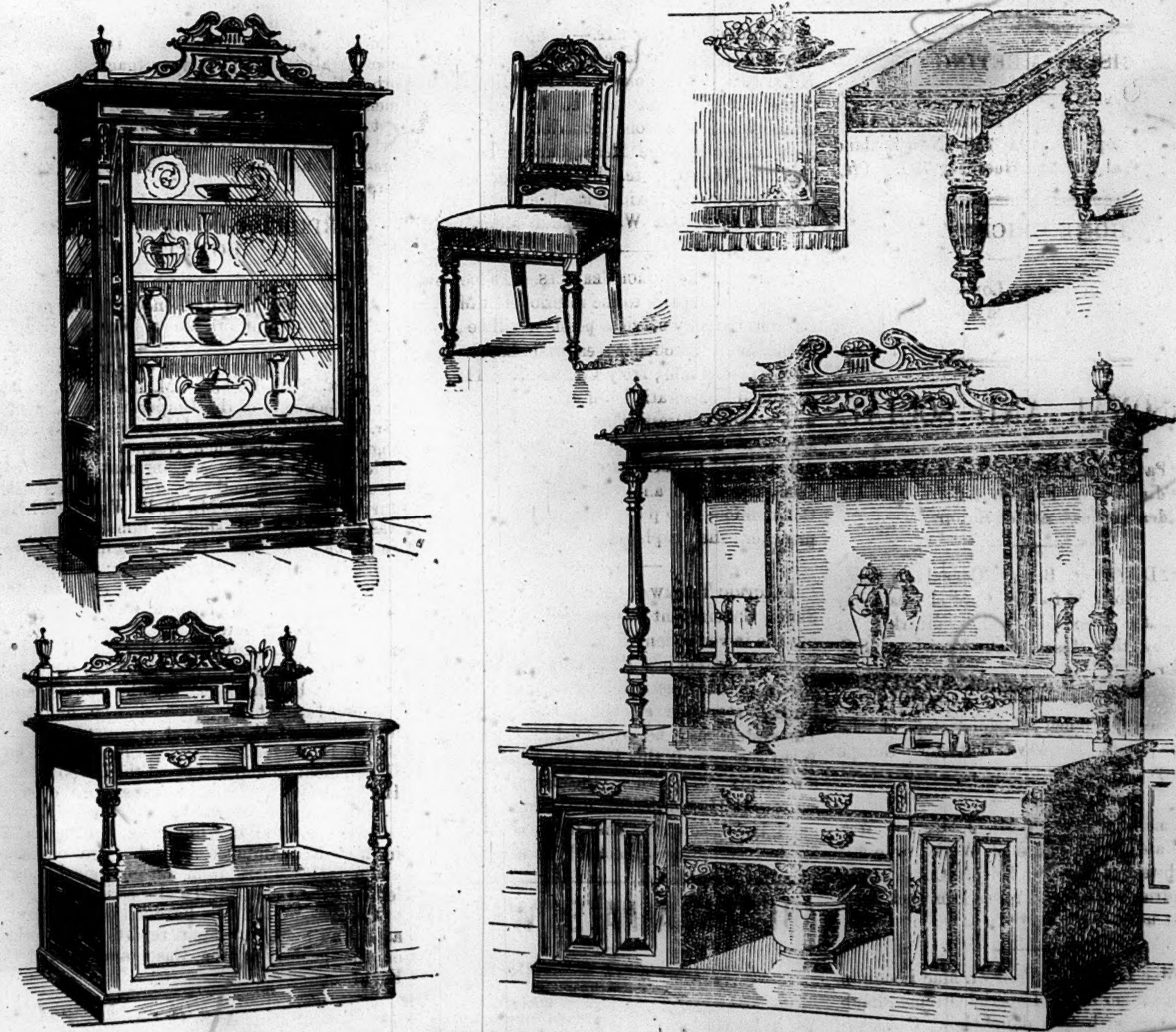
25735-7-4-906



This popular English Sweetmeat can be obtained at: Mr. CARONIS, Anglo-American Stores, Fort-Said. ... The PATISSERIE DE LA 'BOURSE', 305 Oberlin Pasha, Alexandria. Manufacture: London, England.



**HUNDREDS of THOUSANDS of POUNDS WORTH OF HIGH-CLASS FURNITURE, BEDSTEADS, BEDDING, CUTLERY, CHINA, GLASS, SILVER WARE, CARPETS, CURTAINS, BLINDS, &c., always ready for immediate shipment. A house furnished throughout in three days.**



The "Cathart" Dining-Room Suite in Mahogany, Walnut or Fumed Oak, with brass mountings, consists of 6 ft Sideboard with handsomely carved pediment and panels, bevelled mirrors in back, lower portion usefully fitted with drawers, cupboards and collarette; 3 ft 6 in Silver Cabinet, extreme height 7 ft fitted with clear glass shelves and mirrored back; 2 ft 6 in Dinner Wagon with two drawers and cupboard; Dining Table 4 ft wide and extending to 8 ft long, with extra leaves and patent screw; six very strong Dining Room Chairs with carved backs, upholstered in best maroon morocco. Price includes packing and delivery F.O.B. London. Separate prices on application. £70 0 0

**"ONE OF THE SIGHTS OF LONDON"**

MAPLE & CO invite residents of Cairo, Alexandria, Damanhour, Tantah, Mansourah, Damietta, Samahud, Rosetta, Miniah, Ismailia, Port Said, and districts, when visiting London to walk through these spacious showrooms and galleries, and see for themselves all the latest novelties and new productions. MAPLE & CO also send patterns of all kinds of material, and illustrations of furniture, bedsteads, &c., on application, and give inclusive f.o.b. estimates when desired.

**TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD LONDON ENGLAND**

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Large Assortment of Old and New Carpets. ALL MADE BY HAND.

Purveyors to all large CARPET IMPORTERS in Europe and America. LOOMS and DYE WORKS in all centres of production in Asia, employing 10,000 workmen.

Great Choice of Rich Designs. MODERATE, FIXED PRICES.—CENTRAL HOUSE: SMYRNA, EST. 1842. BRANCH IN LONDON Cairo Show Rooms: Rond-Point Soliman Pacha, opposite Savoy Hotel. 25366—31-1906

MATTERS OF MOMENT.

THE PITH OF THE PRESS COMMENTS.

FRANCE AND GERMAN SOCIALISM.

"TIMES."

M. Jaures will not address the mass meeting of German Socialists in Berlin next Sunday on the duties of Social Democracy towards the maintenance of universal peace.

The truth, of course, is that Prince Bulow is afraid the German Socialists would declare that they shared the opinions of the French Socialists in the domain of foreign policy only too thoroughly.

HENLEY REGATTA.

"POST."

The Leander Club eight again won the Grand Challenge Cup, beating both the American crew from Philadelphia and that of the Club Nautique de Gand.

MR. HAY'S SUCCESSOR.

"EVENING STANDARD."

By general consent, Mr. Root is the best possible choice as successor to Mr. Hay, and all who have any knowledge of his personal qualities and public capacities will congratulate Mr. Roosevelt and America on his appointment.

DISCONTENT IN THE POST OFFICE.

"TELEGRAPH."

In the afternoon proceedings of the House of Commons the Opposition, with the help of a few Unionists, encouraged by their votes, if not by vocal support, what, if successful, would have been a very dangerous precedent.

centred round the alleged grievances of the postal employees. Let us say at once that there is no class upon which the comfort and the happiness of the community depend more directly than that of the innumerable grades of Civil servants employed in the transmission of letters and telegrams.

NELSON RELICS.

"GLOBE."

This year is the centenary of Trafalgar, and hundreds of relics of Nelson have been placed on the market by people anxious to make a little money out of the most intimate and sacred objects.

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

"WESTMINSTER GAZETTE."

Japan's successful insistence that the plenipotentiaries of Russia and herself, who are to meet next month in the United States, shall be clothed with full powers to conclude a permanent treaty of peace.

MOROCCO.

"PETIT PARISIEN."

The "Petit Parisien," discussing the negotiations between France and Germany, says that the French document will contain in substance the admission of France to the International Conference.

EGYPTIAN MINES EXPLORATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

Mr. C. J. Alford has furnished the following summary of the month's operations. ATTALLAH MINE.—(Central Egypt Company) June 17th.—New Main Shaft down 23ft.

ERIDIA MINE.—(Eridia Company) June 23d.—No. 1 Shaft 50 ft Level S. 93 ft, vein 12 inches, 16 dwts gold per ton—150 ft level crosscut 19 ft—expect to strike vein at 50 ft.

SEMNA MINE.—(Fatira Company)—Work recommenced on July 1st.

SOCIÉTÉ EGYPTIENNE DE LA

Bourse Commerciale de Minet-el-Bassal.

M. M. les Actionnaires sont informés qu'un dividende intérimaire de 3% sera payable à partir de Mardi prochain, 18 courant, aux guichets de l'Anglo-Egyptian Bank, Limited, contre détachement du coupon No. 82.

EGYPTOLOGICAL NOTES.

The fourth and last volume of M. Amélineau's "Nouvelles Fouilles d'Abydos" is now out, and may perhaps be reviewed at length later. It is as confused and as disorderly as its predecessors, and a great part of it is taken up with controversy, in which the author attempts to prove that his excavations were properly conducted.

Among the antiquities from Abydos lately added to the Ashmolean Museum is the fragment of a vase bearing the name of Az-ab, or Merbapen, who is now generally acknowledged to have been the Mibis of Manetho.

A new theory regarding these early vases has been started by M. Georges Foucart in a communication made by him last month to the Académie des Inscriptions. He argues, chiefly from specimens discovered at Negadah, and sometimes dignified with the name of prehistoric, that the object of the scenes painted on them was to assure the participation of the dead in the offerings made to the gods.

M. Capart succeeds M. Maspero as the compiler of the periodic "Bulletin Critique des Religions de l'Égypte" in the "Revue de l'Histoire des Religions." He frankly abandons the method of his predecessor, which was generally to seize upon some lately published work of importance, and make it a peg from which to hang one of his masterly dissertations upon some point of Egyptian religion.

Japanese police force consists of nice young men. But I regret their attire are not perfectly neat. When a constable come in contact with a people he shall be polite and tender in his manner of speaking and movement.

CALENDAR OF THE WEEK.

Table with 2 columns: Day and Event. Sun. 16 Fleas begin to disappear. Mon. 17 Sow early onions. Tues. 18 Sowing of flax. Wed. 19 End of sowing rice. Thurs. 20 Winds abate in force. Fri. 21 Ophthalmic complaints prevalent. Sat. 22 Sow celery, spinach, parsley, dural and gargil.

28 Army Generals Send Letters of Endorsement To The Inventor of the Great Catarrh Remedy, Pe-ru-na.

Brigadier-General King of Confederate Army.

Writes: "I unhesitatingly state that I am a convinced Peruna is a medicine that will effect all the cures that is claimed for its use."—J. Floyd King, Washington, D. C.

General Smalls, Beaufort, S. C.

Writes: "I have used Peruna for catarrhal trouble and find it beneficial and to be all that it promises, and freely give it my unqualified recommendation."—Robert Smalls.

General Abbott, of Washington, D. C.

Writes: "I am fully convinced that your remedy Peruna is an excellent tonic. Many of my friends have used it with the most beneficial results for coughs, colds and catarrhal trouble."—Ira C. Abbott, 906 M. St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

Captain Yarnell, of Washington, D. C.

Writes: "Your medicine, Peruna, I believe to be the best medicine for catarrh on the market. I have taken only a small amount, and can see very beneficial results."—W. G. Yarnell, 2322 Lincoln street, N. E., Washington, D. C.

General McBride of U. S. A.

Writes: "I have no hesitation in recommending Peruna to all persons who are afflicted with catarrhal troubles."—J. D. McBride, 450 Pennsylvania Ave., N. W., Washington, D. C.

General Longstreet of the Confederate Army.

Writes: "I can testify to the merits of Peruna, both as a tonic and a catarrh remedy. Peruna enjoys the greatest reputation as a catarrh remedy of any medicine yet devised."—James Longstreet, Gainesville, Ga.

General Noske of O. V. U.

Writes: "I commend Peruna to those who are troubled with colds producing catarrh as a most efficacious cure and as a good general tonic."—Chas. F. Noske, 213 B. St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

General Erwin's Recommendation.

"Many of my friends have used Peruna as a dyspepsia remedy with the most beneficial results."—John B. Erwin, Washington, D. C.

Brig-General Schell Benefited.

"Peruna is indeed a wonderful tonic, and for coughs and colds I know of nothing better."—F. M. Schell, Washington, D. C.

General Duffield of the Union Army.

Writes: "I have used Peruna in my family and have found it a valuable medicine, and take pleasure in recommending it to all who suffer from catarrh of the stomach or who require a tonic of efficiency."—The Cairo, Washington, D. C.

General Butler of South Carolina.

Writes: "I can recommend Peruna for dyspepsia and stomach trouble. I have been using your medicine for a short period and I feel very much relieved. It is indeed a wonderful medicine besides a good tonic."—M. C. Butler.

Brigadier-General Kirby

Writes: "I can recommend Peruna to all those who are afflicted with catarrh."—General D. T. Kirby, Washington, D. C.

Gen. Powell, Hecker Post No. 443.

Writes: "After using one bottle of Peruna I became convinced of its curative qualities, and continued its use to date. All symptoms of catarrh have disappeared, yet I continue its moderate use as a preventive, and an old man's tonic."—W. H. Powell, Belleville, Ill.

General S. S. Yoder of Ohio.

Writes: "I have found Peruna to be a wonderful remedy. I only used it for a short time and am thoroughly satisfied as to its merits."—S. S. Yoder, Washington, D. C.

General O'Connor of U. V. Legions.

Writes: "If you are suffering from catarrh or physical debility, immediately commence the use of Peruna. It has been of the greatest benefit and service to many of my friends."—Dennis O'Connor, 788 82nd St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

Gen. Wright of the Confederate Army.

Writes: "I take pleasure in recommending Peruna. It is a remarkable medicine and should be used by persons who are in need of a good tonic and by sufferers from catarrh."—Marcus Wright, 1724 Corcoran St., Washington, D. C.

Gen. Hawley of Washington, D. C.

Writes: "I have used Peruna and find it very beneficial for kidney trouble and especially good for coughs, colds and catarrhal troubles."—A. F. Hawley.

Gen. Urell of Spanish War Veterans.

Writes: "Many of my friends have used Peruna with beneficial results as an effective remedy for catarrh."—M. Emmet Urell, 813 12th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

Other Army Generals who praise Peruna are:

Brigadier-General Cook of Washington, D. C.

General Syber of Washington, D. C. General Alderton, Hecker Post No. 443, U. V. U., Washington, D. C.

General Talley of Pa., Vol. U. S. A.

Writes: "Your Peruna has been used by me and my friends as a relief for catarrhal troubles with the most beneficial results. I am so convinced of the efficacy of Peruna that I do not hesitate to give it my recommendation."—Wm. Cooper Talley, 713 D St., N. E., Washington, D. C.

General Alderton, Hecker Post No. 443, U. V. U., Washington, D. C.

If you do not desire prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

For special directions everyone should read "THE ILLS OF LIFE," a copy of which surrounds each bottle. Peruna is for sale by all chemists and druggists at five shillings per bottle or six bottles for twenty-five shillings.

Those wishing direct correspondence with Dr. HARTMAN and can wait the necessary delay in receiving a reply should address Dr. S. B. HARTMAN, Columbus, Ohio, U.S.A.

The following wholesale druggist will supply the retail drug trade in Alexandria, Egypt.

MAX FISCHER, Alexandria, Egypt.

JAPANNED ENGLISH.

The police in Japan are expected to learn English. For their guidance, says the "Liverpool Post," a phrase book has been compiled. The following conversation, supposed to take place between a member of the force and an English bluejacket, is taken from it:—"Why do you strike this man?"—"He told me impolitely."

Japanese police force consists of nice young men. But I regret their attire are not perfectly neat. When a constable come in contact with a people he shall be polite and tender in his manner of speaking and movement.

WHEN IS DUTY A PLEASURE?

When one needs an aperient and takes LAXATIVE.

1/- A LAXATIVE AS A LOZENGE. 1/-

All Chemists and Storekeepers, Manufactured by the Laxative Co. Ltd., Budapest, Hungary

Purgatif idéal rafraichissant et grand dépuratif du sang recommandé par les hautes sommités médicales dans toute l'Europe.

Meilleur remède contre la constipation, les maladies du foie, les maux de reins, les hémorroïdes.

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Cairo, O. GIULIOTTI & Co. Taahat, MOH. ABDELLATIF

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REVUE COMMERCIALE

Cotons.—La semaine avait commencé d'une façon normale, dénotant chez la spéculation des dispositions plutôt en faveur du soutien, quand après deux jours de cette attitude, l'allure du marché s'est tout à coup modifiée dans la matinée de mardi: la cessation de la demande pour le compte de découvert a fait naître une telle hâte de réalisation que la plupart des détenteurs que c'est à peine si à la clôture nos prix ont pu maintenir 1/32 de tallari sur la hausse qui s'était produite à l'ouverture de la séance sous l'impression des nouvelles d'Amérique annonçant une quarantaine de points de hausse. Le fait a causé une surprise générale, mais hâtons-nous d'ajouter que la réaction du lendemain à New-York nous a aussi laissé presque indifférents avec une cote approchant beaucoup de notre point de départ de samedi dernier.

Sur les gros embarquements connus hier matin, une certaine fermeté a prévalu un moment, mais cette tendance n'a pas duré longtemps et aujourd'hui, sous l'influence exagérée de la baisse de 32 points en Amérique, notre marché a ouvert faible à 14 25/32 et clôturé lourd à 14 5/8 pour le novembre.

En somme, sur les cours de 1 h. p.m. de Vendredi dernier, nous avons reculé de 19/32 de tallari, tandis que dans le même laps de temps New-York n'a perdu qu'une vingtaine de points. L'explication de ce sentiment de découragement qui se fait remarquer depuis hier réside dans le fait que l'on se méfie de l'Amérique et que l'on craint une accentuation de son mouvement actuel de baisse.

Quant à la marche du Juillet elle a été tout à fait différente de celle de la nouvelle récolte: au lieu d'être à 13/32 au-dessous du Novembre, comme nous le signalions dans notre précédente revue, elle est aujourd'hui de 5/32 au-dessus, et cela est dû à la continuation des fortes expéditions que nous avons depuis quelques semaines. On n'a pas tort, au fond, d'accorder tant d'importance au fait de la supériorité des embarquements, car si les choses vont de ce train d'ici fin Août, nous pourrions bien voir notre stock épuisé ou du moins réduit à un chiffre très-inférieur à celui avec lequel nous avons commencé la campagne actuelle. Avec une récolte en retard, tant dans la Haute que dans la Basse-Egypte, cela mérite un peu de considération; en attendant, les résultats acquis à cette date sont les suivants:

Retraits de l'Angleterre: 2000 Balles de plus que l'année dernière; Cens de l'Amérique: 22.000 Balles de plus; Réduction à 20.000 Balles de déficit pour le continent; et réduction à cantars 58.000 de la différence en plus dans le stock.

Personne n'ignore que la presque totalité des existences de places est engagée, d'une façon ou de l'autre, par nos exportateurs et, par conséquent, la prudence la plus élémentaire impose à ceux qui se trouveraient encore vendeurs en blanc, de se racheter tout tranquillement au plus tôt, le moindre découvert pouvant être facilement exploité à l'échéance.

Notre marché du disponible a été constamment ferme et d'une activité de bon aloi qui a fini par se traduire par une hausse, appuyée par l'amélioration des contrats, de 3/8 à 5/8 de tallari sur tous les genres et qualités. Devant ces faits, on doit reconnaître que la demande de la part de la consommation existe et qu'au niveau actuel de l'Amérique nos cours n'ont rien d'effrayant pour elle; dans tous les cas, même si les affaires récentes ou nouvelles ne sont pas énormes, on ne pourrait que donner raison à ceux qui prétendent que les engagements déjà pris par nos exportateurs, pour le reste de la campagne, ne sont pas à dédaigner.

Liverpool n'a guère été brillant pour nos cotons: Le disponible a bien maintenu sa cote, mais les ventes ont été restreintes et les futurs ont baissé d'une quinzaine de points depuis la semaine dernière.

Le groupe haussier d'Amérique n'a pas fait beaucoup parler de lui ces jours derniers; il est vrai que nous avons eu quand même quelques dépêches sensationnelles des principaux meneurs ou de leurs adeptes, renchérissant les uns sur les autres quant aux dégâts soufferts par la récolte sur pied, mais, en attendant, les 12 cents immédiats annoncés par Price n'ont pas été vus et la baisse a eu lieu! Verrons-nous les 15 cents de Sully prévus pour Octobre? Avec la spéculation qui existe à New-York et à New Orléans, tout semble possible, mais ce qui paraît réel et positif, c'est l'impression que le jeu, cet été, sera formidable.

Le Lancashire n'a pas l'air de trop se laisser ébranler par les menaces de grève de ses ouvriers filateurs: il ne fait peut-être que tirer la corde pour ne pas céder tout d'un coup, car dans l'état prospère de son industrie cotonnière, il n'a pas intérêt de voir son travail arrêté.

ou entravé et très probablement la question finira avec des concessions raisonnables et réciproques.

Graines de Coton: Hull avait monté jusqu'à £ 6. —, mais, d'une façon inattendue, au lieu de hausser, notre marché a baissé d'une piastre le jour même, et tout naturellement cela a suffi pour faire reculer l'Angleterre jusqu'à £ 5.15/-. Ce cours ayant cependant éloigné les vendeurs, une reprise a commencé à se dessiner et quoique la cote ne soit encore que de £ 5.16/3, il est très probable que les triturateurs paieront jusqu'à £ 5.17/6.

Le mal est que la petite spéculation chez nous, fatiguée d'attendre une amélioration sensible, montre un grand désir de continuer ses réalisations, et ce sont précisément ses continuuelles offres de vente qui empêchent les mouvements de hausse de se consolider. Bref, nous ne faisons que flotter et pour le moment la tenue du marché paraît ferme, avec une bonne tendance; mais ce qui est incontestable, c'est que de gros acheteurs sérieux sont en train de profiter des réactions à la baisse pour rafler tout ce qui se présente sur le marché.

Les perspectives pour les embarquements futurs sont plutôt favorables.

Fèves: Les 3 mois valent en Angleterre £ 6/3 et ici on reste très ferme, quoique inactif.

Les cours ont baissé à P.T. 95, tant pour le disponible que pour les contrats, mais la cote est absolument nominale pour le tout et ce n'est que pour mémoire que l'on mentionne l'article.

Alexandrie, 14 juillet 1905.

Seance de la Commission.

La séance projetée pour le 12 juillet 1905 n'ayant pu avoir lieu, faute du nombre voulu de membres, une seconde séance de la Commission Municipale aura lieu, mercredi 19 juillet 1905, à 4 h. p.m. au palais municipal, avec le même ordre du jour.

Cette séance aura lieu quel que soit le nombre des membres présents.

BULLETIN DE LA BOURSE

(Aujourd'hui à midi et demi)

Toute l'attention de la corbeille des valeurs s'est concentrée ce matin sur le Trust, la Banque d'Athènes et les Privilèges Tramways d'Alexandrie.

La Banque d'Athènes surtout a donné lieu à un grand nombre de transactions. Le cours a passé rapidement de 124 1/2 à 127 pour réactionner légèrement en clôture à 126 1/2 acheteurs.

On est très ferme en Daïra à 28 1/2 en Agricole à 13 7/8, en Oasis à 15/16.

Les Dividendes Tramways montent de 342 à 347, les Baux du Caire de 1130 à 1135 et la Salt & Soda de 34/9 à 35.

La tenue du marché est ferme, quoique les affaires demeurent en général clairsemées.

MOUVEMENT MARITIME DU PORT D'ALEXANDRIE

Table with columns for ARRIVÉS (14 juillet) and DÉPARTS (14 juillet), listing ship names, destinations, and agents.

EASTERN TELEGRAPH CO. LTD.

AVERAGE TIME occupied in transmission of Egyptian telegrams from England to Alexandria on Friday, 14th July, 1905.

STOCKS AND SHARES

Closing Prices, to-day at 1 p.m.

Table listing BANKS (Imperial Ottoman Bank, Nat. Bank of Egypt, etc.) and LAND, etc. (Agric. Indust. Egypt., etc.) with their respective closing prices.

Table listing COMMERCIAL INDUSTRIAL (Alexand. Bonded Stores, Anglo-Egypt. Spinning Co., etc.) and NAVIGATION & WATER WORKS (Alex. Water Company, etc.) with their respective closing prices.

Table listing RAILWAYS & TRAMWAYS (Delta Light, Fayoum, etc.) with their respective closing prices.

BOURSE KHEDIVIALE

Fluctuations de 9h.30 à 1h. p.m. Dans la matinée; prix plus haut pour juillet tal. 14 7/8 à —; plus bas pour juillet 14 25/32 à —.

Graines de coton Dans la matinée; prix plus haut pour juil. P.T. 60 5/40 à —; plus bas pour juil. 59 1/2 à —.

Remarques (De Midi à 1h. p.m.) Cotons.—Au soutien relatif du matin a succédé une acalmie assez prononcée, surtout sur le novembre, qui nous a fait reculer encore davantage en clôture. Liverpool n'est pas du tout encourageant et l'on craint la continuation de la baisse actuelle sur les Américains.

Graines de coton.—Il y a eu revirement complet dans la tenue du marché et la clôture s'est faite en hausse. Tendances bonne. Fèves.—Toujours nullité complète d'affaires et cours nominaux.

CONTRATS

Cours de la Bourse de Minet-el-Bassal

Table listing COTONS (November, January, Mars, etc.) and GRAINES DE COTON (N.-D.-J., Juillet, etc.) with their respective prices.

ARRIVAGES du samedi 15 juillet 1905 Documents de l'Alexandria General Produce Association.

Table listing CHEMINS DE FER (Cotons, Graines de coton, etc.) and BARQUES (Coton, Graines de coton, etc.) with their respective arrival and departure information.

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HAUTE-EGYPTE ET FAYOUM

Table listing Fair, Fully Fair, Good Fair, Fully Good Fair, Good, with their respective prices and trends.

Stat du marché de ce jour, cotons: Ferme Les arrivages de ce jour se chiffrent par cantars 1011 contre même jour l'année précédente cantars 156

Table listing Graines de coton.—Invariables (Mit-Affé, Haute-Egypte, etc.) and Ticket (Rien, Rien).

Exportation du 14 juillet depuis le Coton Bal. 4072 Bal. — 246 321 — 85 575 610 — 75 Fèves " 5905 " —

Stock à Alexandrie, à terre et en voie de débarquement, Tonnes 30,000.

Les prix micants ont été pratiqués ce jour

Table listing PROVINCES (Damanhour, Kaf-Zayat, etc.) and PRIX FRANCO-STATION (Graines de coton, etc.) with their respective prices.

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GRAINES DE COTON

Table listing COTON AMÉRICAIN (Futurs août-sept., oct.-nov., etc.) with their respective prices.

Middling Upland: 10.40 (40 points de baisse) Futurs août: 10.37 (9 points de baisse) oct.: 10.50 (8 points de baisse)

Table listing DELTA LIGHT RAILWAYS, LTD. (TRAFFIC RETURNS) with their respective financial data.

HELOUAN BRANCH 40 40 Increase Dec. 329 283 40 246 321 — 85 575 610 — 75

ASSOCIATION DES COURTIER EN MARCHANDISES Le comité de l'Association des Courtiers en Marchandises a fixé comme suit, pour ce jour, le prix de compensation ordinaire:

Table listing COURTIER EN MARCHANDISES (Cotons F.G.F.Br., Novembre, etc.) with their respective prices.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS CLOSING REPORTS LIVERPOOL, July 14, 12.50 p.m.

Table listing SALES OF THE DAY (Cotons, Graines de coton, etc.) with their respective sales figures.

NEW-YORK, July 14. Consols (August)... 90 1/2 Egyptian Unifid... 105 1/2 Private Discount m. bill... 1 1/2

ARRIVAGES du samedi 15 juillet 1905 Documents de l'Alexandria General Produce Association.

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CEREAL MARKET

Table listing WHEAT, MIDDLING, etc. with their respective prices and trends.

ARRIVAGES du samedi 15 juillet 1905 Documents de l'Alexandria General Produce Association.

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The IDEAL MILK FOODS for HOT CLIMATES.

# The 'Allenburys' Foods.

The "Allenburys" Foods give strength and Stamina, and supply all that is required for the formation of firm flesh and bone. They promote perfect health, and give freedom from digestive troubles and the disorders common to children fed on farinaceous foods, condensed milk, or cow's milk.

**ALLEN & HANBURYS Ltd., LONDON, ENGLAND.**  
Depot in Cairo:—E. Delf Mar, 25, Aouf.



## LADIES & GENTS OUTFITTING.

**RELIABLE BRITISH GOODS.**

S. STEIN  
PURVEYOR TO H.H. THE KHEDIVI.  
Esbekieh, Ataba & Khadra.  
Also at Alexandria and Fantah.

### OUR LONDON LETTER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)  
London, June 7.

Queen Alexandra's visit to the Royal Botanic "roses all the way," and, so, exceptional from a meteorological point of view. As a rule, the rose-reign in the Regent's Park means rainfall. Her Majesty may remember less pleasant experiences. Rain or shine, however, the appearance of a Queen at the Botanic has been rare. On the other hand, a King once had a notion of building himself a palace there. This was when the King was George IV., and the present gardens were in the occupation of a market-gardener, who had been allowed, for a while, to hold his market-garden under the Crown. The idea of a Palace in the Park fell through, as had done the more ambitious scheme which aimed at crowning Primrose Hill with a Royal residence, and the cutting of a Royal road therefrom straight down to what is now Piccadilly Circus. Portland-place is a bit of that road. But the market-gardener made way for the Botanic Society, in 1839; and, on the whole, perhaps, the Regent's Park is better as it is.

To-night's State ball is a function in which, it is contemplated, some 2,000 people will take part. The accommodation at Buckingham Palace has grown since the early Victorian days, and the invitation list has become more comprehensive. This is not the only difference. Sixty years ago the State Ball of the season was of the fancy-costume order. "All the elderly people of both sexes were occupied in dressing-up, and in practising steps in one house after another." They were exclusive at the Lord Chamberlain's Office.

"Brougham," Mr. Greville remarks, "was not invited. He was furious. He got up in the Lords, and twitted Prince Albert about Barry and the Houses of Parliament. They had to ask him to dinner to appease him." If a modern Lord Chancellor did not get asked to a State Ball, he would not be apt to get asked to a Royal dinner-party by twitting.

Lord Kenmare, who has provided the site at Killarney for a Memorial of the Irish soldiers who fell in South Africa, has a family connection with Killarney that goes back to the date of his 1620 baronetcy. The original Irish viscountcy of Kenmare was one of the seven Irish peerages created by James II. when he was no longer King of England, but while he was still King of Ireland. All these dignities are still on the Roll. Three Viscounts Kenmare of the 1689 creation followed the grantee, Sir Valentine Browne. The only son and heir of the fourth, another Sir Valentine, became Viscount Kenmare of a new creation in 1799, and Earl of Kenmare in 1801. To him the second and third earls owed their title, and the fourth earl was born to the younger of these brothers. With Killarney House go 91,000 acres out of a total of 118,000 or 119,000.

Considering his long connection with Cambridge, it is only natural that the appointment of Dr. Chase to the Bishopric of Ely should be received with lively satisfaction in the University town. After a distinguished career at Christ's College, he returned in 1879 as curate of St. Michael's, and has been ever since intimately associated with Cambridge. Following his appointment as Lecturer in Theology at Pembroke College, he became the First Tutor and later the Principal of the Cambridge Clergy Training School, a position he held until four years ago, when he was elected President of Queens' College in succession to Dr. Ryle. His selection in 1902 as Vice-Chancellor was more than justified by the powers of government and of organisation he has displayed.

Among all the noble works in which medical science is engaged there is none more praiseworthy than that of the Imperial Cancer

Research Fund. Cancer is not only one of the most terrible of human maladies, it is one of those diseases which, for unknown reasons, are increasing rather than decreasing. Until quite recently the only thing that we knew about cancer was that we knew nothing at all. That is no longer true. The Prince of Wales was able to lead the annual meeting of the Fund, yesterday, that "one result obtained shows that cancer is not transferable from one individual to another as if it were an infectious disease," although malignant growths can be transplanted from mice to other mice. It is something, surely, to know that cancer is not infectious. Much progress has also been made, the Prince of Wales said, by the rejection of fallacies which had obscured the true problem to be solved. Research is now in less danger than it was, three years ago, of wandering off into the impasse of this or that tempting, but delusive, path of experiment. Thus, slowly, and with much stumbling, science struggles towards the light.

Much irrelevant opposition has been directed against the scheme for supplying electricity in bulk to a large area in London and the home counties which is to be considered by the House of Commons this evening. Epithets of "monopoly" and "trust" have been thrown at it, with the object of misleading public and Parliamentary opinion as to the aim of its promoters, and the bill is in danger of being sacrificed to the combined effects of ignorant suspicion and prejudice. The interests of existing suppliers in the scheduled area are affected, of course, but only to a small extent, as these are vendors of current for lighting principally, whereas the principal object of the promoters and the Administrative County of London and District Company is to supply current for power purposes, and at a price far below what that current can be produced by the lighting companies for. The company's bill ought to have a fair hearing before a Committee.

It is to be hoped that Colonel Lockwood, and the members associated with him, will be strongly supported, this afternoon, in their efforts to obtain redress for the grievances of the District Messenger Company. The occasion is the consideration of the Post Office Estimates, and there can be no possible doubt in any but the purely Departmental mind that the Post Office way of dealing with the District Messengers is not conducive either to economy or to the public convenience. To put the case briefly, the Post Office has done its best to prevent the company from doing for the public what the Post Office itself tries to do, but cannot. The Post Office service, which competes with the company's, is run at unremunerative rates, and the Post Office uses its own legal position as a vantage ground from which to prevent the company from improving the efficiency of its service, and to deprive it of business which it has had for the past fourteen years. This is a dog-in-the-manger policy which is unworthy of a public Department that exists—or should exist—solely for the benefit of the public.

Actions for literary libel are always difficult to argue before a jury, and in the case of Mr. Moy Thomas and Mr. Lucy the judge seems to have been discreet in expounding a broad rule and leaving the twelve good men and true to fit the facts to it for themselves. The reviewer may attack the book as hard as he likes, provided that he does not attack the author, and it is also incumbent on him to see that he does not deliver a personal stroke without realising that he is doing so. This is, perhaps, what befel Mr. Lucy. His relations with Mr. Thomas being "on the north side of friendly," expressions crept into his work which carried further than his deliberate intention, and an unfortunate slip in the witness-box went to corroborate this explanation. It is difficult to divide the mind into compartments and prevent personal impressions from affecting the literary judgment, and where there is the slightest consciousness of antipathy to-

wards an author, it is better, perhaps, to decline the responsibility of criticising his achievement.

It is not often that troops allow themselves to be carried away by the realistic nature of manoeuvres, as the Dragoons at Aldershot were yesterday. It appears that the Dragoons got so excited that they actually charged the Guards Brigade, who were fighting a rear-guard action, and slashed at them with their swords. A scene of indescribable confusion prevailed; but fortunately no casualties occurred, though a sergeant of the Scots Guards had the foresight of his rifle out off. Another incident of this nature happened a good many years ago near the same place, the Fox Hills, when two infantry regiments charged each other with fixed bayonets, and were only prevented from using their weapons on each other by their officers intervening and striking up their rifles.

The persistence of the famous Cock-lane ghost, which was laid to rest nearly a century and a half ago, is rather surprising, more especially as the method of its laying was proof that it was not a ghost at all but the tricks of a young girl. Experts in spook lore will be able, possibly, to explain how this disproved ghost has been able now to return to its old haunt, or rather to Saracen House, Snow Hill, which occupies the site of that haunt. Things have changed a good deal since Dr. Johnson's time, when the ghost used merely to knock. Thinking, presumably, that it was about to revisit the glimpses of the moon, it must have been shocked to find electric light, incandescent gas, and such new-fangled illuminants. We learn from the "Daily Mail" that the house was carefully locked up the other evening, and then found by the police with the door open and the electric light switched on. They telephoned for the proprietor, but the ghost was not "done" even by such a novelty as the telephone. When the owner arrived, all was darkness again, and there was no sign of any forcing of the door or tampering with the lock. A week or two ago the ghost dropped some heavy weight in an upper room, which smashed the incandescent mantles downstairs, but nothing was found in that upper room. For a ghost exploded in the eighteenth century all this is pretty fair.

### ACUTE BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

FELL UNCONSCIOUS WITH THE VIOLENT PAIN IN HIS BACK.

40 Freehold Street, York Road, Leeds, England.  
Dear Sirs:—I cannot find words to express my gratitude for the good your Doan's Backache Kidney Pills have done me. They have indeed saved my life. I am sure you will be interested in my case, and I will describe it to you as well as I can:—

In 1893 I had a man in, doing some work in the garden. After a hearty dinner I took a stroll down to see how he was getting on. I had never felt better in my life than I did then. But suddenly a most agonising pain darted through my back, and I came over so dizzy that I swayed to and fro, and should have fallen to the ground if my son-in-law hadn't come up just in time and caught me. I fell into his arms unconscious, and was taken to bed. The doctor who was summoned called in the best physician in Leeds, to consult with him over the case, and together they decided it was acute Bright's disease.

For three weeks I was semi-conscious, and was nourished almost entirely by liquids. When at last I came to myself I ached in every bone, and the pain in my back was simply cruel. The kidney secretions were foul and highly-coloured, and I felt thoroughly worn out. For six weeks I was dangerously ill, but the clever doctors pulled me through, and I was so much better that I could get about a little after a while. Later on, however, I had another terrible seizure, and off and on from that time the least cold or chill has told on my back and kidneys, making my life a misery.

Now, your Doan's Backache Kidney Pills have proved just my medicine; before I had finished the first box I was beginning to mend; my kidneys were easier than they had been ever since 1903, and I felt brighter and better. I therefore dropped the doctor's medicine, and used Doan's Pills persistently and solely. Now I am able to say that my back is as strong as ever it was. I cannot speak too highly of your medicine, and I gladly give you permission to publish my letter.

Believe me, yours faithfully,  
(signed) GEORGE WHITAKER.  
Writing some weeks later, Mr. Whitaker said: "Use my testimonial wherever you like. I am not ashamed for people to know what your medicine has done for me, and I will gladly answer any inquiries about my cure. I have never found anything so good and reliable as Doan's Backache Kidney Pills."  
Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are for sale by all chemists and druggists at P.T. 13 per box, or P.T. 71 for 6 boxes; or they may be had direct from the general agent for Egypt, Max Fischer, Hotel du Nil Street, Mousky, Cairo.

## The Standard Life Assurance Company.

ESTABLISHED 1826.  
ACCUMULATED FUNDS £11,300,000  
BONUS YEAR, 1905.

THE NEXT DIVISION OF PROFITS will be made amongst participating Policies in existence at 16th November 1905. All With Profit Policies effected on or before that date will be entitled to share in the Division. The Company have already declared Bonus Additions to Policies to the amount of more than SEVEN MILLIONS STERLING.

Head Office for Egypt: Sharia Kasr-el-Nil, Cairo.  
B. NATHAN & Co., A. V. THOMSON,  
Chief Agents for Alexandria. Secretary for Egypt.

### ARMY AND NAVY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

London, July 6.

The relief of the companies of the 1st Battalion King's Royal Rifle Corps, at Limassol, Cyprus (one company), and Crete (three companies), will be carried out in February, those companies returning to the headquarters at Cairo, on being relieved by companies from Cairo.

Captain H. B. Protheroe-Smith, 21st Lancers, and Lieut. B. A. P. Schreiber, 20th Hussars, have been appointed to the Military Mounted Police in Egypt.

Lieutenant C. J. Johnstone, 4th Battalion Rifle Brigade, latterly doing duty with the Rifle Depot at Winchester, has resigned his commission after a little over five years' service in the "Green Jackets."

Amongst the officers who recently passed in musketry at Hythe were—Lieutenants F.W.L. Edwards, King's Royal Rifle Corps; G. A. Dick-Cunyngham, Rifle Brigade; Lieutenants J. G. Devenish and G. M. Jennings, Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers; Lieutenant C. F. De S. Murphy and Second Lieutenant E. T. W. M'Causland, Royal Berkshire Regiment.

Another distinguished name disappears from the active list of the Navy with the voluntary retirement of Vice-Admiral John William Braakenbury, C.B., C.M.G., who for the best part of half a century has done good service in all parts of the world. As commander of the "Shah's" Naval Brigade during the campaign against Cetewayo in 1879, he will be best remembered for the prominent part he took in the relief of Ekowe and the battle of Gingilovo. In 1882 he was present in Egypt throughout the Arabi Pasha insurrection, and in 1890 formed one of the punitive expedition sent against the Sultan of Witu. For two years he had charge of the naval establishments at Bermuda, and in 1898 was appointed second in command of the Channel Squadron.

The battleship New Zealand, one of the King Edward VII. type, will be commissioned for service in the Atlantic Fleet after the visit to Brest, taking the place of the Prince George, which in turn will replace the Hannibal in the Channel Fleet.

Everything naval points to a tremendous concentration of force in home waters. The famous policy recently pursued by the Kaiser is the cause of England making such preparations. This country in its present mood intends to take no risks that can be forestalled.

### Calendar of Coming Events

- ALEXANDRIA.**
- July.
  - Sat. 15 British Rifle Club. Practice at Mustapha Range. Spoon Competition. 3 p.m.
  - Marina. Alexandria Swimming Club. Members meet 4 p.m.
  - A.S.C. Skye Meeting. 4 p.m.
  - Windsor Hotel. Orchestra. 6 to 11.30 p.m. every day.
  - Mex. Prince's Restaurant des Bains. Roumanian orchestra, every afternoon. Sundays, morning.
  - Alhambra. Italian operetta company in Donna Juanita. 9.15 p.m.
  - Eden Theatre. French comedy company in *Bébé*. 9 p.m.
  - Jardin des Variétés, (ex Ciccolani) *La Poupée*. 9 p.m.
  - Beau Rivage Hotel. Small Dance. 9.30 p.m.
  - Khedivah Palace Casino. Reunion des Familles Society's Ball. 9.30 p.m.
  - San Stefano Casino. Small Dance. 10 p.m.
  - Sun. 16 San Stefano Casino. Concert 10.30 a.m. and 5 p.m.
  - Wed. 19 Khedivah Yacht Club. Regatta.
  - Thurs. 20 San Stefano Casino. Dramatic Performance by Union Artistique Française. 9.30 p.m.
  - Sat. 22 Hippodrome, Round Point. Trotting Races.

- CAIRO.**
- July.
  - Sat. 15 Theatre des Ambassadeurs. 9 p.m.
  - Theatre des Nouveautés. 9 p.m.
  - Ezbekieh Theatre. Italian Comedy Company. 9 p.m.
  - Mon. 17 Masonic Hall. Ragheb Lodge. 8.30 p.m.
  - Tues. 18 Esbekieh Gardens. Performance by British Military Band. 9 to 11 p.m.
  - Fri. 21 Zoological Gardens. Performance by Ghiseh Boys' Band in afternoon.
  - Esbekieh Gardens. Performance by British Military Band. 9 to 11 p.m.

### Cheap Prepaid Advertisements

Under this heading advertisements are inserted at the following rates:—

ONCE	3 TIMES	6 TIMES
15 words . . . . . P.T. 5	P.T. 10	P.T. 15
30 words . . . . . " 8	" 16	" 24
Every 10 words, . . . . . " 2	" 4	" 6

The address is counted. The advertisement must appear on consecutive days for above rates to be obtained. 50% extra is charged for advertisements not appearing consecutively.

All such advertisements must be prepaid, and to this rule no exception whatever will be made. Letters in reply to advertisements will be posted to any address if a few stamps are sent by the advertiser to cover postage.

**AGARD'S INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRIES AND TRADE MARKS REGISTER.**—A useful business directory containing addresses of all important business firms of Great Britain throughout Europe, America, the Colonies and Egypt. The best reference book for travellers. Price—One pound Sterling. Post free.

**AGARD'S INTERNATIONAL HOTEL GUIDE** sent post free to all first class Hotels throughout Europe, America, the Colonies and Egypt. The best reference book for travellers.

**ADVERTISING AGENTS.**—The best public advertising sites in Alexandria belong to G. Vestri & Co., Advt. Agents, St. Catherine's Square. Special rates for permanent clients. Moderate terms. Prompt despatch. 25642-31-12-905

**APPLY** for French, Italian, Arabic, German, to the Berlitz Schools, Alexandria (26, Rue de l'Eglise Copte); Cairo (Sharia Kamel). Most rapid method of instruction free. Evening classes at Alexandria, P.T. 60 per month. 23069-30-9A-905

**ARABIC LESSONS** given by an Egyptian tutor to Europeans. Apply M. Shefik, "Egyptian Gazette" offices. 25888-

**AMERICAN MANUFACTURER'S AGENCY** wishes to advise having received a fresh consignment of Roll-top Desks, Morris Chairs, Sewing Machines, Refrigerators, Typewriters and various other American goods. No. 7 Rue de l'Antienne Bourse. 25878-1-5-906

**LOUER** Chambres meublées, avec ou sans pension. Rue Chérif Pacha, vis-à-vis Bourse Khédiviale, 2e étage, Alexandria. 26196-6A-6

**CLICK TYPEWRITERS**, No. 5 £9, No. 7 £11. W.T. Emmens, 99, Rue Attarine, Alexandria, Address, Post Office Box 35. 30-9-905A

**CLERK**, thorough knowledge English, French, also Arabic quick typist and stenographer, seeks situation. Apply, No. 26,226, "Egyptian Gazette" offices. 26226-6-5

**EXPERIENCED ACCOUNTANT WANTED** with thorough knowledge of English; an Englishman would be preferred. Salary according to qualifications. Apply, giving full particulars, to No. 26,230 "Egyptian Gazette" offices. 26230-6-3

**TRIUMPH MOTOR CYCLE**, 3½ H.P., tools, lamp, thorough working order, very little used, can be seen by appointment. Cost £50; no reasonable offer refused. Apply, No. 26,239, "Egyptian Gazette" offices. 26230-6-1

## YOST

A new Model of this well-known TYPEWRITER

is now ready. Many improvements. Has no Ribbon. Its types strike direct from an inkpad on to the paper, giving beautifully clear outlines, and it has therefore been termed

**THE TYPEWRITER FOR BEAUTIFUL WORK.**

Made of Best Materials only. Illustrated Booklet post free. THE YOST TYPEWRITER Co., Ltd., H. Holborn, Viaduct, London, E.C.

## Anglo-American Nile Steamer & HOTEL COMPANY.

RIVER TRANSPORT OF GOODS BETWEEN ALEXANDRIA & CAIRO Three Sailings a-Week. Agents at Alexandria:— ALEXANDRIA BOMBED WAREHOUSE CO. LD. 19-904

# DAVIES BRYAN & Co.

Continental Hotel Buildings  
CAIRO,  
St. David's Buildings,  
ALEXANDRIA,  
and 35-37 Noble Street  
LONDON, E.C.

## English Tailors, Drapers and Outfitters.

**TRAVELLING REQUISITES:**  
COMPRESSED CANE TRUNKS,  
SOLID LEATHER OVERLAND TRUNKS.  
GLADSTONE & KIT BAGS,  
SUIT CASES, RUGS, &c.

**ATHLETIC GOODS:**  
A VARIED STOCK, INCLUDING  
Slazenger's Doherty  
"E.G.M." Demon.  
AND  
Ayre's Central  
String Racquets.

**TENNIS BALLS**  
FRESH SUPPLY WEEKLY.

## BOOTS & SHOES.

All the newest shapes in the best English makes:—  
**BUCKSKIN TENNIS BOOT AT £1**  
A SPECIALITY.

Owing to the increased business in this Department a new Show-room has been fitted up where better attention can be given to Customers.

## CLOTHS:

The largest Stock in Egypt of Cloths of the best British Manufacture:

**TROPICAL TWEEDS, FLANNELS, DRILLS, &c., &c.**  
All garments cut by experienced English cutters. Fit and style guaranteed.

## GENTS' OUTFITTING:

The newest Shades in Crepe de Chene Ties.  
Cellular, Oxford, Zephyr Shirts and Pyjamas in great variety.

Special Attention paid to Shirts Made to Measure.  
HOSIERY AND UNDERCLOTHING IN THE BEST MAKES.  
PANAMA, STRAW, & FELT HATS  
CORK & PITH HELMETS.  
CAPS.

HOUSEHOLD LINEN AT SPECIALLY CHEAP PRICES.  
TABLE CLOTHS, NAPKINS, SHEETS, AND PILLOW CASES.  
FLANNELETTES, VIYELLAS AND OBYLON FLANNELS.

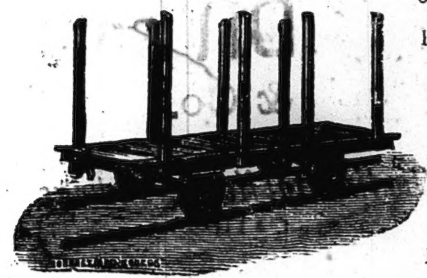
SOAP, PERFUMERY,  
RUBBER SPONGES, BRUSHES,  
STUDDS, MIRRORS (HAND & SHAVING)  
FOUNTAIN PENS, &c., &c.

# Davies Bryan & Co.,

Cairo & Alexandria.

ORENSTEIN & KOPPEL, LTD. CAPITAL 10,000,000 FRCS.

Portable and permanent railways, passenger and goods cars. Tipping and platform wagons for all purposes. Locomotives from 10-400 H.P.



Agents for Egypt and Sudan of: COMPTOIR METALLURGIQUE EGYPTIEN, HUMBOLDT ENGINEERING WORKS CO, R. HORNSBY & SONS, LTD., KIRCHNER & CO., LEIPZIG, CARL MEISSNER, HAMBURG.

OFFICES (CAIRO: 24 Kasr-el-Nil Street, opposite Bank of Egypt. P.O.B. 690. Telephone No. 139)

STEINEMANN, MABARDI & CO

The Egyptian Engineering Stores. MERCHANTS, CONTRACTORS & MACHINERY IMPORTERS, ALEXANDRIA.

Messrs. CLAYTON & SHUTTLEWORTH, Lincoln. Portable & fixed Engines & Boilers, Corn mills, Threshing, Strawbrusing & Cutting Machines.

G. MARCUS & Co.

MILNER'S SAFE COMPANY, LIMITED. Transatlantic Fire Insurance Company, Limited

OF HAMBURG. (COVERS ALSO BURGLARY RISKS.) The National Assurance Company of Ireland.

Allen, Alderson & Co. LIMITED.

SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE AGENTS FOR MESSRS. RUSTON, PROCTOR & CO., LIMITED, LINCOLN.

MESSRS. PLATT BROTHERS & CO., LIMITED, OLDHAM. MESSRS. JOHN FOWLER & CO., LIMITED, LEEDS. THE CENTRAL CYCLONE CO., LIMITED, LONDON.

Ratner's Safes.

THE ENGBERG RICE HULLER. MESSRS. A. RANSOME & Co., LIMITED, NEWARK-ON-TRENT. MESSRS. MERRYWEATHER & SONS, LONDON.

Agent in Cairo: M. A. FATTUCCI. Agent in Khartoum: RIETI & BERTELLI.

Thos. Cook & Son (Egypt), Ltd.

ENGINEERS, BOULAC, CAIRO, ALEXANDRIA. MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS, ALSO SHIPBUILDERS, &C. & C.

BRANCHES AT SHARIA BAH-EL-HADID (CAIRO), ALEXANDRIA AND KHARTOUM. SOLE AGENTS IN EGYPT FOR

RICHARD GARRETT & SONS, LTD. SHAND, MAISON & CO. NOBEL'S EXPLOSIVES CO., LTD. GEO. ANGUS & CO., LTD. TANGYER LIMITED (SOLE VENDORS.) CROMPTON & Co., LTD. SPECIALITIES - TANGYER'S GAS ENGINES with Producer Plants, COOPER PATENT STEAM DIGGER.

Egyptian Delta Light Railways Co., Limited.

Connections made with the most important trains of the State Railway in the Provinces of Behera, Gharbiyah, Dakahliah, Charkieh and Galioubieh Through services for goods between all stations of the Company and over 100 principal stations of the State Railway in Upper and Lower Egypt.

Table with columns: A.M., (HELOUAN BRANCH.), P.M. Rows: Bab-el-Louak, Helouan, Helouan, Bab-el-Louak.

NOUVEAU REMEDE PURGATIF IDEAL PURGEN. Causes Constipation, Congestion, Hemorrhoids, Migraine, Obesité, etc.

CLEAN WALLS AND WHITE CEILINGS

ARE ALWAYS POSSIBLE AT A MINIMUM COST PROVIDED YOU USE FRESKEL (REGD.)

THE GREAT SANITARY WATER PAINT.

ECONOMICAL - EFFECTIVE. Composed of strictly first class non-poisonous materials. Thoroughly incorporated and finely ground. THOS. HINSHELWOOD & CO., ALEXANDRIA.

ALEXANDRIA GENERAL PRODUCE ASSOCIATION

BULLETIN HEBDOMADAIRE Alexandria, VENDREDI à Midi le 14 Juillet 1905.

Table for COTON EXPORTATIONS. Columns: Arrivages, Angleterre, Continent, Etats-Unis, TOTAL, STOCK.

Table for GRAINES DE COTON EXPORTATIONS. Columns: Arrivages, Angleterre, Continent, TOTAL, STOCK.

Table for FEVES EXPORTATIONS. Columns: Arrivages, Bahera, Angleterre, Continent, TOTAL, STOCK.

Table for BLES, LENTILLES, MAIS, OIGNONS. Columns: Arrivages, Saidi, Bahera, Angleterre, Continent, TOTAL, STOCK.

Table for COTON SUIVANT LES TYPES DE L'ASSOCIATION. Columns: Fair, Fully Fair, Good Fair, Fully Good Fair, Good.

WEEKLY POSTAL TABLE.

ALEXANDRIA OFFICE. able showing the days of despatch and arrival of the principal Foreign Mails from Monday, 17th, to Sunday, 23rd July, 1905.

Table with columns: COUNTRIES, MAIL PACKETS, ROUTES, DAYS, LATEST HOUR FOR POSTING, ARRIVAL.

A BROKEN-DOWN SYSTEM. This is a condition (or disease) which doctors give many names, but which few of them really understand.

THERAPION No. 3. This is a condition (or disease) which doctors give many names, but which few of them really understand. THE EXPIRING LAMP OF LIFE LIGHTED UP AFRESH.

DR. LE CLERC'S

Pills for the Liver & Kidneys are an unfailing and reliable remedy for diseases of these important organs.

DR. LE CLERC'S SOAP.

Medical, antiseptic, used and recommended by eminent Germanologists in the treatment of eczema, lepra, psoriasis, etc.

APIOL DES DRS JORET & HOMOLLE. GUERIT RETARDS, DOULEURS SUPPRESSIONS des EPOQUES.

L'EGYPTIAN GAZETTE est en vente dans les rues de Cairo tous les soirs à 7 h.30, excepté les dimanches et jours fériés.